M.Sc. CHEMISTRY (1ST SEMESTER)

TOTAL CONTACT HRS. = 27, TOTAL CREDITS = 23

Course			Contact Hrs.			Marks			
Code	Name	L	Т	Р	Int.	Ext.	Total		
MCHM1-101	Electronic Spectra & Magnetic	3	1	0	40	60	100	4	
	Properties of Transition2Metal								
	Complexes								
MCHM1-102	Organic Reactions & Mechanisms-I	3	1	0	40	60	100	4	
MCHM1-103	Thermodynamics	3	1	0	40	60	100	4	
Departmental Elective-I			1	0	40	60	100	4	
MCHM1-156	Computational Skills & Simulations in								
	Chemistry								
MCHM1-157	Polymer Chemistry								
MCHM1-158	Group Theory								
Open Elective-I			0	0	40	60	100	3	
MCHM1-104	Inorganic Chemistry LabI	0	0	4	60	40	100	2	
MCHM1-105	Organic Chemistry LabI	0 0 4 60			60	40	100	2	
Total 5 Theory & 2 Lab. Courses		15	4	08	320	380	700	23	

M.Sc. CHEMISTRY (2nd SEMESTER)

1	FOTAL C	ONTACT	HRS. = 26,	TOTAL CH	REDITS = 23	
			-			

	Course	C	Contact Marks Hrs.		Credits			
Code	Name	L	T	Р	Int.	Ext.	Total	
MCHM1-206	Spectroscopy-I	3	1	0	40	60	100	4
MCHM1-207	Organometallics	3	1	0	40	60	100	4
MCHM1-208	Organic Reactions & Mechanisms-II	3	1	0	40	60	100	4
MCHM1-209	Seminar-I	0	0	2	100		100	1
Departmental Elective-II				0	40	60	100	4
MCHM1-259	Nano Chemistry							
MCHM1-260	Bio-organic Chemistry							
MCHM1-261	Analytical Chemistry							
	Departmental Elective-III	3	1	0	40	60	100	4
MCHM1-262	Bio-inorganic Chemistry							
MCHM1-263 Bio-physical Chemistry								
MCHM1-264	Asymmetric Synthesis							
MCHM1-210	Inorganic Chemistry LabII	0	0	4	60	40	100	2
Total 6 Theory	& 1 Lab. Courses	15	5	06	360	340	700	23

Course			Contact Hrs.			Marks		
Code	Name	L	T	Р	Int.	Ext.	Total	
MCHM1-311	Spectroscopy-II	3	1	0	40	60	100	4
MCHM1-312	Quantum Chemistry	3	1	0	40	60	100	4
MCHM1-313	Heterocyclic Chemistry	3	1	0	40	60	100	4
MCHM1-314	Seminar-II	eminar-II 0 0 2					100	1
Departmental Elective-IV			1	0	40	60	100	4
MCHM1-365	Environmental Chemistry							
MCHM1-366	Medicinal Chemistry							
MCHM1-367	Green Chemistry							
Open Elective-II			0	0	40	60	100	3
MCHM1-315	Organic Chemistry LabII	0	0	4	60	40	100	2
MCHM1-316	Physical Chemistry LabI	0	0	4	60	40	100	2
Total 6 Theory & 2 Lab. Courses		15	4	10	420	380	800	24

M.Sc. CHEMISTRY (3rd SEMESTER)

TOTAL CONTACT HRS. = 29, TOTAL CREDITS = 24

M.Sc. APPLIED CHEMISTRY (4th SEMESTER)

TOTAL CONTACT HRS. = 12, TOTAL CREDITS = 20

Course			Contact Hrs.			Marks		
Code	Name	L	T	Р	Int.	Ext.	Total	
MCHM1-417	Photochemistry	3	1	0	40	60	100	4
MCHM1-418	Natural Products	3	1	0	40	60	100	4
MCHM1-419	Physical Chemistry LabI	0	0	4	60	40	100	2
MCHM1-420	Project + Seminar		-			300	300	10
Total 2 Theory,	1 Lab. & 1 Project + Seminar Courses	06	2	04	140	460	600	20

Total Marks = 700 + 700 + 800 + 600 = 2800

Total Credits = 23 + 23 + 24 + 20 = 90

CORES OF APPLIED CHEMISTRY MRSPTU, BATHINDA								
S.No.	Course Code	Course						
01	MCHM1-101	Electronic Spectra & Magnetic Properties of Transition Metal Complexes						
02	MCHM1-102	Organic Reactions & Mechanisms-I						
03	MCHM1-103	Thermodynamics						
04	MCHM1-104	Inorganic Chemistry LabI						
05	MCHM1-105	Organic Chemistry LabI						
06	MCHM1-206	Spectroscopy-I						
07	MCHM1-207	Organometallics						
08	MCHM1-208	Organic Reactions & Mechanisms-II						
-09	MCHM1-209	-Technical Skills-I						
10	MCHM1-210	Inorganic Chemistry LabII						
11	MCHM1-311	Spectroscopy-II						
12	MCHM1-312	Quantum Chemistry						
13	MCHM1-313	Heterocyclic Chemistry						
14	MCHM1-314	Technical Skills-II						
15	MCHM1-315	Organic Chemistry LabII						
16	MCHM1-316	Physical Chemistry LabI						
17	MCHM1-417	Photochemistry						
18	MCHM1-418	Natural Products						
19	MCHM1-419	Physical Chemistry LabI						
20	MCHM1-420	Project + Seminar						

DE	DEPARTMENTAL ELECTIVES OF APPLIED CHEMISTRY MRSSTU, BATHINDA								
S.No.	S.No. Course Code Course								
DEPARTMENTAL ELECTIVE-I									
56MCHM1-156Computational Skills & Simulations in Chemistry									
57	MCHM1-157	Polymer Chemistry							
58	MCHM1-158	Group Theory							
DEPARTMENTAL ELECTIVE-II									
59	MCHM1-259	Nano Chemistry							
60	MCHM1-260	Bio-organic Chemistry							
61	MCHM1-261	Analytical Chemistry							
		DEPARTMENTAL ELECTIVE-III							
62	MCHM1-262	Bio-inorganic Chemistry							
63	MCHM1-263	Bio-physical Chemistry							
64	MCHM1-264	Asymmetric Synthesis							
DEPARTMENTAL ELECTIVE-IV									
65	MCHM1-365	Environmental Chemistry							
66	MCHM1-366	Medicinal Chemistry							
67	MCHM1-367	Green Chemistry							

F means that this Course can be opted by students of different semesters,

ELECTRONIC SPECTRA & I	MAGNETIC PROPERT	IES OF TRANSITION METAL
	COMPLEXES	
Subject Code: MCHM1-101	LTPC	Duration: 45 Hrs.
-	3104	

UNIT-1

Course Objectives

- 1. To understand the concept of symmetry elements and symmetry operations.
- 2. To introduce the concept of inter electronic repulsion parameters and crystal field strength in various fields.
- 3. To familiarize with the orgel and correlation diagrams.
- 4. To understand molecular orbital diagrams for octahedral and tetrahedral diagrams

1. Symmetry (8 Hrs.)

Symmetry elements, symmetry operations, point group determination, determination of reducible and irreducible representations, character tables, use of symmetry in obtaining symmetry of orbitals in molecules, use of character table to determine which metal orbitals are used in σ and π bond formation in octahedral, tetrahedral and square planar transition metal complexes, qualitative splitting of s, p, d, f orbitals in octahedral, tetrahedral and square planar fields using character tables and without the use of character tables.

UNIT-2

2. Inter Electronic Repulsions (7 Hrs.)

Spin-spin, orbital-orbital and spin orbital coupling, L.S. and jj coupling schemes, determination of all the spectroscopic terms of p^n , d^n ions, determination of the ground state terms for p^n , d^n , f^n ions using L.S. scheme, determination of total degeneracy of terms, order of inter electronic repulsions and crystal field strength in various fields, two type of electron repulsion parameters, term wave functions, spin orbit coupling parameters (λ) energy separation between different j states (Texts 1 and 3).

3. Free Ions in Crystal Field of various strengths (8 Hrs.)

The effect of Voct on S, P, D and F terms (with help of the character table), Strong field configurations, transition from weak to strong crystal fields, evaluation of strong crystal field terms of d^2 cases in octahedral and tetrahedral crystal fields (using group theory), construction of the correlation energy level diagrams of d^2 configuration in octahedral and tetrahedral fields, study of energy level diagrams for higher configurations, derivation of selection rules of electronic transitions in transition metal complexes, relaxation of the selection rule in centrosymmetric and non-centrosymmetric molecules, Orgel diagrams, Tanabe Sugano diagrams,

UNIT-3

4. Covalent Character into the Metal Ligand Bond (8 Hrs.)

Construction of Molecular orbital energy level diagrams for octahedral, tetrahedral and square planar complexes showing σ and π bonding. Variation of the Racah parameter, central field covalency, symmetry restricted covalency, differential radial expansion, intermediate coupling, nephlauxetic effect

UNIT-4

5. Electronic Spectra of Transition Metal Complexes (9 Hrs.)

Spectrochemical series, band intensities, factors influencing band widths (variation of 10Dq, vibrational structure, spin orbit coupling, low symmetry components, Jahn-Teller effect), discussion of electronic spectra of octahedral and tetrahedral $d^1 - d^9$ metal ions, calculation of 10Dq and B with and without the use of Tanabe Sugano diagrams, low spin complexes of

MAHARAJA RANJIT SINGH PUNJAB TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY, BATHINDA Page 5 of 39 Mn^{3+} , Mn^{2+} , Fe^{3+} , Co^{3+} , Fe^{2+} , comment on the spectra of second and third transition series, Charge Transfer spectra, comparison of d – d band with f –f spectra.

6. Magnetic Properties (5 Hrs.)

General discussion about magnetism in metal complexes (magnetic susceptibility, para-, dia-, ferro-, antiferro- and ferri-magnetic behavior, Curie and Curie Weiss law, magnetic properties of *d* block transition metal ions for d^1 to d^9 configuration, quenching of orbital magnetic moment, spin only magnetic moment, first order orbital contribution to the magnetic moment, orbital contribution due to spin –orbit coupling.

Recommended Books

- 1. B.N. Figgis, 'Introduction to Ligand Field', Wiley Eastern, 1966.
- 2. A.B.P. Lever, 'Inorganic Electronic Spectroscopy', Elsevier, 1984.
- 3. R. L. Dutta and A. Syamal, 'Elements of Magnetochemistry', <u>East-West Press Pvt. Ltd.</u> <u>Bangalore</u>, **1993**.
- 4. J.E. Huheey & Others, 'Inorganic Chemistry: Principles of Structure and Reactivity', <u>Harper Inter-Science</u>, **2006.**
- 5. Russell S. Drago, 'Physical Method for Chemistry', W.B. Saunders Company, 1992.
- F.A. Cotton and G. Wilkinson, 'Advanced Inorganic Chemistry', <u>Wiley Inter-Science</u>, 6th Ed., 2004.
- 7. F.A. Cotton, 'Chemical Application of Group Theory', <u>Wiley Eastern</u>, 3rd Ed., 2004.

ORGANIC RI	EACTION AND MECH	HANISM –1
Subject Code: MCHM1-102	LTPC	Duration: 45 Hrs.
	3104	
	UNIT-1	· · · ·

Course Objectives

- 1. To familiarize with methods determining mechanism and various reaction intermediates.
- 2. To familiarize with diversity of aliphatic and aromatic nucleophilic and electrophilic reactions.
- 3. To understand the effect of substrate, leaving group, reaction medium and attacking reagent on substitution and elimination reaction.
- 4. To understand the concept of oxidation and auto oxidation.

1. Reaction Mechanism: Structure and Reactivity (12 Hrs.)

Type of mechanisms, types of reactions, thermodynamic and kinetic requirements, kinetic and thermodynamic control, Hammond's postulate, Curtin-Hammett principle. Potential energy diagrams, transition states and intermediates, methods of determining mechanisms, isotope effects. Hard and soft acids and bases. Generation, structure, stability and reactivity of carbocations, carbanions, free radicals, carbenes and nitrenes.

Effect of structure on reactivity- resonance and field effects, steric effect, quantitative treatment. The Hammett equation and linear free energy relationship, substituent and reaction constants. Stereochemistry: Basic concepts.

UNIT-2

2. Aliphatic Nucleophilic Substitution (8 Hrs.)

The $S_N 2$, $S_N 1$, missed $S_N 1$ and $S_N 2$ and SET mechanisms.

The neighbouring group mechanism, neighbouring group participation by π - and σ - bonds, anchimeric assistance. Classical and nonclassical carbocations, phenonium ions, norbornyl system, common carbocation rearrangements. Application of NMR spectroscopy in the detection of carbocations. The S_Ni mechanisum, Nucleophilic substitution at an allylic, aliphatic trigonal and a vinylic carbon. Reactivity effects of substrate structure, attacking nucleophile, leaving group and reaction medium, phase transferr catalysis and ultrasound, ambident nucleophile, regioselectivity. Gabriel synthesis

3. Aliphatic Electrophilic Substitution (5 Hrs.)

Bimolecular mechanisms- S_E2 and S_Ei. The S_E1 mechanism, electrophilic substitution accompanied by double bond shifts. Effect of substrates, leaving group and the solvent polarity on the reactivity, Hell-Volard-Zelinsky reactin,

UNIT-3

4. Aromatic Nucleophilic Substitution (5 Hrs.)

The S_NAr , S_N1 , benzyne an S_{RN1} mechanisms, Reactivity – effect of substrate structure, leaving group and attacking nucleophile. The von Richter, Sommelet-Hauser, and Smiles rearrangements.

5. Aromatic electrophilic substitution (7 Hrs.)

The arenium ion mechanism, orientation and reactivity in mono substitution and disubstituted aromatics, energy profile diagram, the ortho/para ratio, ipso attack, orientation in other ring systems, quantitative treatment of reactivity in substrates and electrophiles. Diazo coupling, Vilsmeir reaction, Gatterman-Koch reaction, Bechmann reaction, Hoben-Hoesch reaction.

UNIT-4

6. Free Radical Reactions (8 Hrs.)

Types of free radical reactions, free radical substitution mechanism, mechanism at an aromatic substrate, neighbouring group assistance. Reactivity for aliphatic and aromatic substrates at a bridgehead. Reactivity in the attacking radicals. The effect of solvents on reactivity. Allylic halogenation (NBS), oxidation of aldehydes to carboxylic acids, autooxidation, coupling of alkynes and arylation of aromatic compounds by diazonium salts. Sandmeyer reaction. Free radical rearrangement. Hunsdiecker reaction.

Recommended Books

- 1. Jerry March & Michael Smith, 'March's Advanced Organic Chemistry: Reactions, Mechanisms, and Structure', John Wiley & Sons, 6th Ed., 2007.
- 2. Francis A. Carey & Richard J. Sundberg, 'Advanced Organic Chemistry: Structure and Mechanisms, Vol, A', Springer, 5th Ed., 2007.
- 3. Francis A. Carey & Richard J. Sundberg, 'Advanced Organic Chemistry: Reaction and Synthesis, Vol. B', Springer, 4th Ed., 2006.

	THERMODYNAMICS	
Subject Code: MCHM1-103	LTPC	Duration: 45 Hrs.
	3104	

Course Objectives

1 To recall concepts involved in laws of thermodynamics.

- 2 To introduce microstates, macrostates and different types statistics.
- 3 To recall concept of Thermodynamic equation of state.
- 4 To understand various thermodynamic properties and partition function.

UNIT-1

- 1. Recall: Concepts involved in first and second law of thermodynamics, Entropy, free energy and chemical equilibrium. Thermodynamic equation of state. Maxwell relations.
- 2. Non-ideal Systems: Excess functions for non-ideal systems. Activity and activity coefficients and their determination. Concept of fugacity and its experimental determination. Partial molal properties and their determination.

UNIT -2

3. Third Law of the Thermodynamics: Identification of statistical and thermodynamic entropy. Nernst postulate, Plank's contribution. Alternate formulation of third law. Cooling by adiabatic and demagnetisation. Evaluation of absolute entropy.

4. Thermodynamic and living systems: Simultaneous or coupled reactions. Coupled reactions and metabolism. Free energy utilisation in metabolism. Terminal oxidation chain. Overall metabolic plan. General thermodynamic consideration of living systems.

UNIT-3

5. Statistical Thermodynamics: General introduction, Phase space, microstates, macrostates, thermodynamic probability. Brief introduction to different types of statistics. Ensemble concept. Canonical, grand canonical and microcanocical ensembles. Stirling approxination, Maxwell Boltzmann distribution law.

UNIT-4

6. Partition Function and Thermodynamic Properties: Partition function and its factorization. Translational, rotational, vibrational; electronic and nuclear partition functions. Expressions for internal energy, entropy, Helmholtz function, Gibb's function, pressure, work and heat in terms of partition function. Thermodynamic properties of ideal gases. Vibrational, rotational, electronic and nuclear contributions to the thermodynamic properties.

Recommended Books

- 1. Aston and Fritz, 'Thermodynamic and Statistical Thermodynamics'.
- 2. Lee, Seers and Turcotte, 'Statistical Thermodynamics'.
- 3. Dickerson, 'Molecular Thermodynamics'.
- 4. Glasstone, 'Thermodynamics for Chemists'.
- 5. R. C. Srivastva, S. K. Saha, A. K. Jain, 'Thermodynamics: A Core Course', <u>PH I, New</u> Delhi, 2007.
- 6. P. Atkins, J. D. Paula, 'Physical Chemistry', 7th Indian Edn., <u>Oxford University Press</u>, **2007**.
- R. P. Rastogi & R. R. Mishra, 'An Introduction to Chemical Thermodynamics', 6th Edn., <u>Vikas Publishing House</u>, 2007.

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Subject Code: MCHM1-104

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Course Objectives

- 1. To develop basic understanding of various lab practices including safety measures.
- 2. To synthesize inorganic complexes and their characterization.

1. Preparation of coordination compounds, their purification by chromatography, elemental analyses (m, S, halogen, C, H, N), m.w. determination (rast method) and elucidation of structures by physical methods (UV, IR, NMR, magnetic susceptibility)

- a) Synthesis of Tris(acetylacetonato)manganese(III), $Mn(acac)_3$ and their characterization.
- b) Synthesis and Characterization of Hexamminechromium(III) nitrate [Cr(NH₃)₆](NO₃)₃ using magnetic susceptibility balance (MSB) and IR spectroscopy (Green Preparation).
- c) Synthesis of Iron(III) dithiocarbamate and its characterization using magnetic succeptibility balance (MSB) and IR spectroscopy.
- d) Synthesis and characterization of nitro- and nitritopentamminecobalt(III) chlorides using IR spectroscopy.
- e) Synthesis of hexamminecobalt(III) chloride and pentammineaquocobalt(III) chloride.
- f) Synthesis of cis- and trans- potassiumdioxalatodiaquochromate(III).
- g) Aquation of trans-dichlorobis(1,2-diaminoethane)cobalt(III) chloride.
- h) Synthesis and resolution of tris(ethylenediamine)cobalt(II) ion.
- i) Synthesis of Hexaamminenickle(II) chloride and estimation of Ni(II) in the complex by gravimetry and volumetry.

- j) Synthesis of tris(acetylacetanonato)iron(III).
- k) Synthesis and reactivity of organocobaloximes.
- 1) Synthesis of acetylferrocene and its purification by column chromatography.
- m)Synthesis of ferrocene carboxylic acid.

2. Synthesis of Green Reagents

Green Chemistry: Introduction, principles of green chemistry, some green reagents.

- a) Tetrabutylammonium tribromide (TBATB) and its applications.
- b) Ionic liquid, 1-methyl-3-pentyl-imidazolium bromide, [pmIm]Br and its applications.

3. General Principles of Qualitative Analysis

Principle of flame testing –theory of testing acid radicals (simple and interfering). Principle of grouping of cations – theory of testing cations.

4. Inorganic Analysis by using Green Methods

- a) Analysis of simple acid radicals: carbonate, sulfide, sulfate, thiosulfite, chloride, bromide, iodide, nitrate.
- b) Analysis of interfering acid radicals: fluoride, oxalate, borate, phosphate, arsenate, arsenite.
- c) Elimination of interfering acid radicals and identifying the groups of basic radicals.
- d) Analysis of basic radicals (group-wise): Lead, copper, bismuth, cadmium, tin, antimony, iron, aluminium, arsenic, zinc, manganese, nickel, cobalt, calcium, strontium, barium, magnesium, ammonium.
- e) Repeating the tests in no. 04
- f) Repeating the tests in no. 04
- g) Analysis of a mixture-I containing three cations and three anions (of which one is interfering type).
- h) Analysis of a mixture-II containing three cations and three anions (of which one is interfering type).
- i) Analysis of a mixture-III containing three cations and three anions (of which one is
- j) interfering type).
- k) Analysis of a mixture-IV containing three cations and three anions (of which one is interfering type).

5. Complexometric Titrations

- a) Determination of calcium in the presence of magnesium using EGTA as titrant
- b) Determination of the total hardness (permanent and temporary) of water
- c) Determination of calcium in the presence of barium using CDTA as titrant.

6. Redox Titration:

- a) Determination of chlorate, preparation of 0.1M cerium(IV) sulphate.
- b) Determination of copper, determination of dissolved oxygen.
- c) Determination of hydrogen sulphide.
- d) Determination of antimony arsenic.

Recommended Books

- 1. H. Denny, W. Roesky, 'Chemical Curiosites', WILEY VCH, 1996.
- 2. G. Marr and B. W. Rocket, 'Practical Inorganic Chemistry', <u>University Science Books</u>, **1999.**
- 3. G. Pass and H. Sutcliffe, 'Practical Inorganic Chemistry', <u>Chapman and Hall, London</u>, 2nd Edn., **1974.**
- 4. J. Mendham, R. C. Denney, J. D. Barnes, M Thomas, 'Vogel's Textbook of Quantitative Analysis', 5th Edn., <u>Pearson Education</u>, **2006**.
- 5. G. Svehla, 'Vogel's Textbook of Quantitative Analysis', Pearson Education, 2006.

MRSPTU M.Sc. CHEMISTRY SYLLABUS 2016 BATCH ONWARDS

- 6. Anil J. Elias, 'A Collection of interesting General Chemistry Experiments', Orient Longman Limited, Universities Press (India) Pvt. Ltd., 2008.
- 7. http://dst.gov.in/green-chem.pdf

(DRGANIC CHEMISTRY LAB-1
Subject Code: MCHM1-10	5 LTPC
-	0042

Course Objectives

- 1. To impart knowledge of syntheses of organic compounds
- 2. To develop experimental skills of various separation and purification techniques.
- 1. Distillation & separation
 - a) To purify common organic solvents
 - b) Extract rose oil from rose petals by steam distillation.
 - c) Separation of given mixtures.

2. Chromatography

- a) To separate plant pigments by column chromatography.
- b) Identification of phytoconstituents using thin layer chromatography.
- c) Identification of sugars in fruit juices through paper chromatography.

3. Organic analysis:

Detection of common functional groups in the given organic compounds and identification

of compound through derivatives.

4. Organic preparations:

- a) Benzoylation: Hippuric acid
- b) Oxidation: Adipic acid/p-Nitrobenzoic acid
- c) Aldol condensation: Dibenzalacetone/Cinnamic acid
- d) Sandmeyer's reaction: p-Chlorotoluene
- e) Benzfused Heterocycles: Benzimidazole
- f) Cannizzaro's reaction: p-Chlorobenzaldehyde as substrate
- g) Friedel Crafts reaction: S-Benzoylpropionic acid
- h) Aromatic electrophilic
- i) Substitution: p-Nitroaniline/p-Iodoaniline

Recommended Books

- 1. David T. Plummer, 'An introduction to Practical Biochemistry', 3rd Edn., Tata McGraw Hills, 1998.
- 2. A. I. Vogel, 'Text Book of Practical Organic Chemistry', 5th Edn., Pearson Education, 2005.
- 3. P.R. Singh, D.S. Gupta and K.S. Bajpai, 'Experimental Organic Chemistry', Vol 2, Tata Mc Graw Hill, 1981.
- 4. G. Mann, B.C. Saunders, 'Practical Organic Chemistry' ELBS Edn., 1989.
- 5. N.K. Vishnoi, 'Advanced Practical Organic Chemisry', 2nd Edn., Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., 1994.

COMPUTATIONAL	SKILLS AND SIMULATIONS	IN CHEMISTRY
Subject Code: MCHM1-156	LTPC	Duration: 47 Hrs.

3104

Course Objectives

1. To learn principles of computational chemistry and computer-based molecular

design.

- 2. To understand the basic concepts of molecular mechanics, semi-empirical method and density-functional theory.
- 3. To familiarize with different software packages, including MOLDEN for general model building.
- 4. To understand GAMESS Gaussian for quantum chemical calculations, and BOSS for liquid simulations.

UNIT – I

1. OVERVIEW OF THE COURSE (8 Hrs.)

Promises of computational chemistry, molecular mechanics of bond vibrations. Minimization methods, forces in polyatomic molecules, intermolecular forces, parameterization and testing of force fields, docking.

2. MONTE CARLO METHOD (4 Hrs.)

Principles, chemical & biochemical applications.

3. MO THEORY (10 Hrs.)

Foundations, semi-empirical MO theory, Ab Initio MO Theory: Basis Sets; Hartree–Fock theory: Principles and applications.

UNIT – III

UNIT – IV

UNIT – II

4. TREATMENT OF ELECTRON CORRELATION (10 Hrs.)

MCSCF, CI methods, Treatment of electron correlation: MP and CC methods.

5. SPECTROSCOPY (7 Hrs.)

Vibrational spectroscopy and gas phase thermodynamics, description of electronically excited states. Description of solvent effects.

6. DENSITY FUNCTIONAL THEORY (DFT) (6 Hrs.) Principles, applications in materials. Transition states in gas phase reactions.

Recommended Books

- 1. Peter Comba, Trevor W. Hambley, 'Molecular Modelling of Inorganic Compounds', John Wiley & Sons, 2009.
- 2. F. Jensen, 'Introduction to Computational Chemistry', John Wiley & Sons, 1998.
- 3. Warren J. Hehre, 'A Guide to Molecular Mechanics and Quantum Chemical Calculations', 2003.
- 4. H. D. Holtje, W. Sippl, D. Rognan, G. Folkers, 'Molecular Modeling: Basic Principles and Applications', <u>Wiley</u>, **2008**.
- 5. Christopher Cramer, 'Essentials of Computational Chemistry, Theories & Models', 2nd Edn., <u>Wiley</u>, **2002**.
- 6. Note: Freely available packages like GAMESS, MOLDEN, AVOGADOOS, MOPAC may be used for computational Lab.

	POLYMER CHEMISTRY	
Subject Code: MCHM1-157	LTPC	Duration: 45 Hrs.
	3104	

Course Objectives

- 1. To impart knowledge about polymers and polymerization mechanism.
- 2. To understand the difference between crystalline and amorphous polymers.
- 3. To familiarize polymer characterization with various spectroscopic techniques.

4. To learn molecular weight measurement by osmometry, mass spectrometry and Viscometry.

UNIT-I

1. INTRODUCTION TO POLYMERS (6 Hrs.)

IUPAC nomenclature of vinyl, non-vinyl polymers, copolymers and end groups. Abbreviations for polymers. Introduction to industrial polymers-plastic thermoplastic- & thermosetting plastics), fibres (commonly used natural & synthetic fibre).

2. POLYMERIZATION MECHANISMS (6 Hrs.)

Mechanism of free radical chain polymerization & ionic chain polymerization-initiators, inhibitors & stereochemistry. Mechanism of coordination chain polymerization (Ziegler-Natta, Cossee), polycondensation step polymerization, polyaddition step polymerization & ring opening step polymerization.

UNIT-II

3. KINETICS OF POLYMERIZATION MECHANISMS (5 Hrs.)

Kinetics of free radical chain polymerization, ionic chain polymerization, catalyzed and non-catalyzed polycondensation polymerization including kinetic chain length, chain transfer reactions.

4. AVERAGE MOLECULAR WEIGHT OF POLYMERS (6 Hrs.)

Number average molecular weight – its measurement by osmometry (membrane & vapour phase), end group analysis, mass spectrometry. Weight average molecular weight – its measurement by light scattering method (dissymmetry method & Zimm plot method).

Viscosity average molecular weight – its measurement by viscometry. Determination of molecular weight distribution by gel permeation chromatography (size exclusion chromatography).

UNIT-III

5. CHEMICAL STRUCTURE & POLYMER MORPHOLOGY (5 Hrs.)

Macrostructure of polymers. Geometrical isomerism & optical isomerism, Tacticity, degree of crystallinity, liquid crystallinity, crystallizability, crystallites (bundles), spherulites, polymer single (ideal) crystals. Glass transition temperature- concept of glassy state, viscoelastic state, viscofluid state for amorphous and crystalline substances including polymers. Specific volume change vs temperature curves.

6. POLYMER PROPERTIES (6 Hrs.)

Mechanical properties - tensile strength, compressive strength, flexural strength, impact strength, toughness, fatigue, yield point, elongation at break, tensile modulus, relaxation & retardation (creep) phenomena. Thermal stability, flammability & flame resistance, chemical resistance, degradability, electrical conductivity, nonlinear optical properties. Polymer additives to modify mechanical, surface, chemical, aesthetic & processing properties.

UNIT-IV

7. FIBRES REINFORCED POLYMER COMPOSITES (5 Hrs.)

Introduction to composites. Polymer matrix materials & fibres reinforcement. Types of fibres- glass, aramid, & silica fibres. Advantages & disadvantages of polymer composites.

8. CHARACTERIZATION TECHNIQUES OF POLYMERS (6 Hrs.) Infrared, Raman, NMR, ESR, UV-Vis, fluorescence studies. X-ray scattering, SEM, thermal- DSC, DTA, TMA, TGA studies.

Recommended Books

1. D. Campbell and J.R. White, 'Polymer Characterization: Physical Techniques', <u>Chapman</u> <u>and Hall, New York</u>, **1989**.

- 2. Malcolm P. Stevens, 'Polymer Chemistry: An Introduction', <u>3rd Edn., Oxford University</u> <u>Press, Indian Edn.,</u> Reprint, **2011**.
- 3. A.H. Fawcett, 'Polymer Spectroscopy', <u>Wiley, New York</u>, 1996.
- 4. R.J. Young, 'Spectroscopy of Polymers', Wiley, New York, 1996.
- 5. M. Lewin, S.M. Atlas, E.M. Pearce, 'Flame Retardant Polymeric Materials', <u>Plenum</u> <u>Press, New York</u>, **1975**.
- 6. E.M. Pearce, Y.P. Khanna, D. Raucher, 'Thermal Characterization of Polymeric Materials', <u>Academic Press, New York</u>, **1981.**
- 7. I.M. Ward, 'Mechanical Properties of Polymers', Wiley Interscience, New York, 1971.
- 8. Jan M. Gooch, 'Encyclopedic Dictionary of Polymers', Springer, 2007.
- 9. Anita J. Brandolini, Deborah D. Hills, 'NMR Spectra of Polymers & Polymer Additives', Marcel Dekker, New York, 2000.
- 10. Fred W. Wilmeyer, 'Text Book of Polymer Science', <u>A. Wiley Intersciense Publication</u>, **1994**.
- 11. V.R. Gowariker, N.V. Viswanathan, J. Sreedhar; 'Polymer Science', <u>New Age</u> <u>International</u>, **1986**.

	GROUP THEORY	
Subject Code: MCHM1-158	L T P C 3 1 0 4	Duration: 45 Hrs.

- 1. To educate about the importance of symmetry elements and operations.
- 2. To understand Great Orthogonality Theorem.
- 3. To develop an understanding of molecular orbital theory and ligand field theory with respect to symmetry properties.
- 4. To equip with the identification of IR active and Raman active vibrations and hybridization of central atom in molecule with the help of character table.

UNIT-1

1. Symmetry Elements and Operations (5 Hrs.)

Symmetry planes and reflections, inversion centre, proper axes and proper rotations, improper axes and improper rotations.

2. Relations among Symmetry Elements (8 Hrs.)

Products of symmetry operations, equivalent symmetry elements and equivalent atoms, general relations among symmetry elements and operations, symmetry point groups, symmetry classification of elements of a Group, order of a group. Group Multiplication Table.

UNIT-2

3. Representations of Groups (8 Hrs.)

Matrix multiplication, character of matrix, Matrix notation for symmetry operations, Block factored matrices, The Great Orthogonality Theorem, Important rules about irreducible representations and their characters, relationship between reducible and irreducible representations with examples. Construction of character tables.

UNIT-3

4. Hybridization and Spectroscopy Applications (6 Hrs.)

Hybridization scheme in Sigma and Pi bonding, Identification of IR active & Raman active vibrations.

5. Molecular Orbital Theory for Inorganic Compounds (10 Hrs.)

Transformation properties of atomic orbitals, molecular orbitals for sigma bonding in tetrahedral and octahedral molecules.

UNIT-4

6. Ligand Field Theory (8 Hrs.)

Introduction, Electronic structure of free atoms and ions, splitting of levels and terms in a chemical environment, construction of energy level diagram.

Recommended Books

- 1. A. Salahuddin Kunju & G. Krishnan, 'Group Theory and Its Applications in Chemistry', <u>PHI Learning Private Limited, New Delhi</u>, **2010.**
- 2. F. A. Cotton, 'Chemical Applications of Group Theory', 3rd Ed., Wiley Eastern, 2004.
- 3. J.N. Murell et. al, 'Valence Theory', John Wiley, 1970.
- 4. R.B. Woodward and R. Hoffmann, 'Conservation of Orbital Symmetry', <u>Academic Press</u>, **1970.**
- 5. B.N. Figgis, 'Introduction to Ligand Fields', John Wiley, 1996.

	SPECTROSCOPY – I	
Subject Code: MCHM1-206	LTPC	Duration: 45 Hrs.
	3104	

Course Objectives

- 1. To introduce the concept of spectroscopy, selection rules, line width and broadening.
- 2. To familiarize with the terms chromophores, auxochromes, red, blue, hypo and hyperchromic effect.
- 3. To understand vibrations of polyatomic molecules and use of group theory to determine the number of active lines.
- 4. To evaluate the utility of spectroscopy as a qualitative and quantitative method for structure elucidation.

UNIT-1

1. General Features of Spectroscopy (5 hrs.)

Units and conversion factors, Introduction to spectroscopy, Nature of radiation, Energies corresponding to various kinds of radiation, Intensities of spectral lines, selection rules and transition moments, Line widths, Broadening (Book 1)

UNIT-2

2. Pure Rotational Spectra (10 Hrs.)

Classification of molecules according to their moment of inertia. Rotational energy levels of hydrogen chloride. Determination of molecular geometry by rotational spectrum, isotopic substitution effects. Stark effect, Estimation of molecular dipole moments, Selection rules, Rotational Raman Spectra, anisotropic polarizability, specific selection rule in Raman Spectra, Stokes and anti – Stokes lines.

3. Vibrational Spectra (5 Hrs.)

Diatomic molecules, Force constants, Fundamental vibration frequencies, Anharmonicity of molecular vibrations and its effect on vibrational frequencies, Frequencies of the vibrational transitions of HCl. Vibrational rotation spectra of CO, P, Q and R branches.

UNIT-3

4. Infrared and Raman Spectra (15 Hrs.)

Vibrations of polyatomic molecules. Examples of CO_2 , H_2O . Mechanics of measurement of infrared and Raman spectra, absorption of common functional groups, their dependence on chemical environment (bond order, conjugation, H – bonding), Use of group theory to

determine the number of active infrared and Raman active lines. Fermi resonance, combination bands and overtones, Application of IR in structure elucidation of organic compounds – Various Carbonyl compounds, alkane, alkenes, alkynes, unsubstituted, mono and di-substituted aromatic compounds, alcohols, phenols, ethers, Far IR region, Metal ligand vibrations, – CN, Nitro-nitrito- and CO ligands and the effect of their co-ordination with metal ions and IR spectra.

UNIT-4

5. UV and Visible Spectroscopy of Organic Molecules (10 Hrs.)

Measurement technique, Beer – Lambert's Law, molar extinction coefficient, oscillator strength and intensity of the electronic transition, Frank Condon Principle, Ground and first excited electronic states of diatomic molecules, relationship of potential energy curves to electronic spectra. Chromophores, auxochromes, electronic spectra of polyatomic molecules, Woodward rules for conjugated dienes and α , β - unsaturated carbonyl groups, extended conjugated and aromatic sterically hindered systems, red shift, blue shift, hypo- and hyperchromic effect.

Recommended Books

- 1. Russell S. Drago, 'Physical Method for Chemistry', 2nd Edn., <u>Surfside Scientific</u> <u>Publishers</u>, **1992.**
- 2. R.M. Silverstein, G.C. Bassler, T.C. Morrill, 'Spectrometric Identification of Organic Compounds', 3rd Edn., <u>Wiley</u>, **1974**.
- 3. William Kemp, 'Organic Spectroscopy', 3rd Edn., <u>W.H. Freeman</u>, **1991**.
- Dudley H. Williams & Ian Fleming, 'Spectroscopic Methods in Organic Chemistry', 6th Edn., <u>McGraw-Hill, Science</u>, 2008.
- 5. J.R. Dyer, 'Application of Absorption Spectroscopy of Organic Compounds' <u>Prentice-Hall, Englewood Cliffs, N.J.</u>, **1965**.
- 6. Dudley H. Williams & Ian Fleming, 'Spectroscopic Problems in Organic Chemistry' 5th Edn., <u>McGraw-Hill, London</u>, **1985**.
- 7. R.C. Banks, E.R. Matjeka, G. Mercer, 'Introductory Problems in Spectroscopy' <u>Manlo</u> <u>Park, CA</u>, **1980**.
- 8. G.M. Barrow 'Introduction to Molecular Spectroscopy' McGraw-Hill, New York, 1962.
- 9. C.N. Banwell 'Fundamentals of Molecular Spectroscopy' 4th Edn., <u>Tata McGraw-Hill</u> <u>Education</u>, **1994**.
- 10. D.L. Pavia, G.M. Lampan and G. S. Kriz, 'Introduction to Spectroscopy' 4th Edn., <u>Cengage Learning</u>, **2008**.

ORGANOMETALLICS		
Subject Code: MCHM1-207	LTPC	Duration: 45 Hrs.
	3104	

Course Objectives

- 1. To recall classification of ligands and nomenclature of organometallic compounds.
- 2. To understand structure, bonding and reactivity of organometallic compounds.
- 3. To familiarize with the role of organometallic compounds in organic syntheses.
- 4. To understand the applications of organometallic compounds as catalysts.

UNIT-1 (11 Hrs.)

- 1. Introduction- Stability & decomposition pathways, classification of ligands, nomenclature of Organometallic compounds.
- 2. 18 valence electron rule- Introduction to the 18 valence electron rule, total electron counts and finding metal-metal bonds & related problems.

UNIT-2 (11 Hrs.)

- 3. Synthesis, structure, bonding & reactivity of organotransition metal complexes.
 - (i) Carbenes, Carbynes, Alkenes, Alkynes, Allyl moieties, Butadiene, Cyclobutadiene, Cyclopentadiene, Arenes, Cycloheptadienyl moieties & Cyclo octatetraene moieties, Ring slippage reactions.
 - (ii) Ferrocenes- Structure & bonding of ferrocenes, basic chemical reactions of ferrocenes, chirality in ferrocene derivatives, ferrocene based condensation polymers.

UNIT-3 (10 Hrs.)

4. Organometallic compounds in organic Synthesis-Green rules, synthesis & use of Zinc dialkyls, Collaman's reagent, organ mercuric & chromium carbonyls in organic synthesis, Heck reaction, Hydrozirconation.

UNIT-4 (13 Hrs.)

5. Applications of organometallic complexes to Catalysis-Basic principles, Industrial requirements of catalysts, sequences involved in catalytic reaction, asymmetric synthesis using catalyst, Hydrogenation catalysts & their classification, hydrogenation by lanthanide organometallic compounds. Hydro formylation: Cobalt catalyst & phosphine modified cobalt catalysts, Rhodium-phosphine catalysts, factors affecting n/iso ratio of hydro formylation products. Monsato, Cativa & Wacker processes, polymerization & oligomerisation of olefins & dienes, catalytic converters.

Recommended Books

- 1. 'Basic Organometallic Chemistry: Concepts, Synthesis & Application of Transition Metals', <u>CRC Press & Univ. Press</u>, **2010**.
- 2. R.C. Mehrotra & A, Singh, 'Organometallic Chemistry, A Unified Approach', <u>New age</u> <u>International.</u>
- 3. B.D. Gupta & A.J. Elias, 'Basic Organometallic Chemistry', <u>Universities Press</u>.
- 4. F.A. Cotton & G. Wilkinson, 'Advanced Inorg, Chemistry', Wiley Intersciences.

ORGANIC REACTION AND MECHANISMS –11		
Subject Code: MCHM1-208	L T P C	Duration: 45 Hrs.
	3104	

Course Objectives

- 1. To extend knowledge of mechanistical and stereochemical aspects of organic reactions.
- 2. To impart knowledge of various oxidative and reductive processes in organic syntheses.
- 3. To understand the mechanism of various organic reactions including Beckmann, Neber, Hofmann, Schmidt and Fries rearrangement.
- 4. To familiarize with syntheses of prostaglandins, strychnine, reserpine and biotin etc.

UNIT-1

1. Addition to Carbon-Carbon and Carbon-Hetero Multiple Bonds (10 Hrs.):

Mechanistic and stereochemical aspects of addition reactions involving electrophiles, nucleophiles and free radicals, regio- and chemoselectivity, orientation and reactivity. Addition to cyclopropane ring. Hydrogenation of double and triple bonds, hydrogenation of aromatic rings. Hydroboration. Michael reaction. Sharpless asymmetric epoxidation. Addition of Grignard reagents, organozinc, organolithium and Gillman reagents to carbonyl and unsaturated carbonyl compounds. Use of other organometallic reagents in addition reactions. Wittig reaction, Mechanism of condensation reactions involving enolates – Aldol,.Knoevenagel, Claisen, Mannich, Benzoin, Perkin and Stobbe reactions. Hydrolysis of esters and amides, ammonolysis of esters.

UNIT-2

2. Elimination Reactions (5 Hrs.):

The E2, E1 and E1cB mechanisms and their spectra. Orientation of the double bond. Reactivity – effects of substrate structures, attacking base, the leaving group and the medium. Mechanism and orientation in pyrolytic elimination.

3. Oxidation (7 Hrs.):

Introduction. Different oxidative processes. Hydrocarbons- alkenes, aromatic rings, saturated C-H groups) activated and inactivated). Alcohols, diols, aldehydes, ketones, ketals and carboxylic acids. Amines, hydrazines, and sulphides.

Oxidations with ruthenium tetraoxide, iodobenzene diacetate and thallium (III) nitrate, DDQ, PCC, CAN, selenium dioxide, peroxyacids, DCC. Oxidation reactions with special emphasis on Baeyer-villeger reaction, Cannizarro oxidation-reduction reaction,

UNIT-3

4. Reduction (10 Hrs.):

Introduction. Different reductive processes, Hydrocarbons- alkanes, alkenes, alkynes and aromatic rings, Carbonyl compounds – aldehydes, ketones, acids, ester and nitriles. Epoxides, Nitro, nitroso, azo and oxime groups, Hydrogenolysis. Sodium borohydride, sodium cyano borohydride, LAH, disobutyl aluminium hydride, tin hydride, trialkyl tin hydride, trialkyl silanes, alkoxy substituted LAH, DIBAL, diborane, diisoamyl borane, hexyl borane, 9-BBN, isopinocamphenyl and disiopinocamphenyl borane. Reduction reactions with particular emphasis on Wolf-Kishner reduction, Clemmensen reduction,

UNIT-4

5. Rearrangements (8 Hrs.):

General mechanistic consideration – nature of migration, migratory aptitude, memory effects. A detailed study of the following rearrangements, Pinacol-pinacolone, Wagner-Meerwein, Demjanov, Benzil-Benzilic acid, Favorskii, Arndt-Eistert synthesis, Neber, Beckmann, Hofman, Curtius, Schmidt, Shapiro reaction, Fries rearrangement

6. Selected Natural Product Synthesis (5 Hrs.)

Corey's synthesis of prostaglandins (PGF2 and PGE2), Woodward synthesis of Strychnine and Reserpine, Synthesis of Biotin by Hoffman-LaRoch, synthesis of Indolizomycin by Danishefsky, Synthesis of Taxol by K.C. Nicolau.

Recommended Books:

- 1. Jerry March & Michael Smith, 'March's Advanced Organic Chemistry: Reactions, Mechanisms, and Structure', 6th Edn., John Wiley & Sons, 2007.
- Francis A. Carey & Richard J. Sundberg, 'Advanced Organic Chemistry: Structure and Mechanisms, Vol, A', 5th Edn., <u>Springer</u>, 2007.
- 3. Francis A. Carey & Richard J. Sundberg, 'Advanced Organic Chemistry: Reaction and Synthesis, Vol. B', 4th Edn., <u>Springer</u>, **2006**.
- 4. K.C. Nicolaou and E.J. Sorensen, 'Classics in Total Synthesis: Targets, Strategies, Methods', <u>Wiley</u>, **1996**.

	SEMINAR-I
Subject Code: MCHM1-209	L T P C
	0021

1. Each of these Courses of Seminar will consist of 100 marks (internal only) having L T P C as 0 0 2 1.

- 2. In the beginning of the semester, a teacher will be allocated maximum 30 students. The latter will guide/teach them how to prepare/present 15 minutes Power Point Presentation for the Seminar.
- 3. If there are more than 30 students in the class, then class will be divided into two groups having equal students. Each group may be allocated to a different teacher.
- 4. Each student will be allotted a topic by the teacher at least one week in advance for the presentation. The topic for presentation may be from the syllabus or relevant to the syllabus of the programme.
- 5. During the presentation being given by a student, all the other students of his/her group will attend the Seminar. The assessment/evaluation will be done by the teacher. However, Head of Department and other faculty members may also attend the Seminar, ask questions and give their suggestions.
- 6. This is a turn wise continuous process during the semester and a student will give minimum two presentations in a Semester.
- 7. For the evaluation, the following criteria will be adopted,
 - (a) Attendance in Seminar: 25 Marks
 - (b) Knowledge of Subject along with Q/A handling during the Seminar: 25 Marks
 - (c) Presentation and Communication Skills: 25 Marks
 - (d) Contents of the Presentation: 25 Marks.

INORGANIC CHEMISTRY LAB-II L T P C

0042

Subject Code: MCHM1-210

Course Objectives

- 1. To extend knowledge of use of standard laboratory equipment, modern instrumentation and classical techniques to carry out experiments.
- 2. To synthesize various inorganic complexes and their qualitative determination by UV, IR, NMR and ESR techniques.
- 1. Reaction of Cations and Anions: Analysis of mixture of cations and anions.
- **2.** Gravimetric Analysis of Cations and Anions: Iodide, thiocyanate, Sulphate, oxalate chloride, nickel, copper cobalt, zinc and their mixture.
- **3. Preparation of Inorganic and Coordination compounds**, their purification, elemental analyses, M.W determination and elucidation of structures by physical methods:
 - a) Synthesis of nitro- and nitritopentamminecobalt(III) chlorides.
 - b) Synthesis of hexamminecobalt(III) chloride and pentammineaquocobalt(III) chloride.
 - c) Synthesis of cis and trans potassiumdioxalatodiaquochromate(III).
 - d) Aquation of trans-dichlorobis(1,2-diaminoethane)cobalt(III) chloride.
 - e) Synthesis and resolution of tris(ethylenediamine)cobalt(II) ion.
 - f) Synthesis of hexaamminenickle(II) chloride and estimation of Ni (II) in the complex by gravimetry and volumetry.
 - g) Synthesis of tris(acetylacetanonato)iron(III).
 - h) Synthesis and reactivity of organocobaloximes.
 - i) Synthesis of acetylferrocene and its purification by column chromatography.
 - i) Synthesis of ferrocene carboxylic acid.

4. Determination of Metal Ions Using Solvent Extraction:

- a) Determination of copper as the diethydithiocarbamate complex
- b) Determination of copper as the neocuproin complex
- c) Determination of iron as the 8hydroxyquinolate

- d) Determination of nickel as the dimethylglyoxime complex,
- e) Extraction and determination of lead, cadmium, and copper using ammonium pyrollidine dithiocarbamate.

5. Electro Analytical Techniques

pHmetric, Conductometric and Amperometric Titration: Representative acid/base and redox titrations.

6. Colorimetry and Spectrophotometry

- a) Determination of λ_{max} the absorption curve and concentration of a substance
- b) Simultaneous spectrophotometric determination (chromium and manganese)
- c) Spectrophotometric determination of pK value of an indicator
- d) Determination of copper (II) with EDTA
- e) Determination of iron (III) with EDTA.

7. Atomic Absorption Spectroscopy

- a) Determination of cations by AAS.
- b) Determination of magnesium and calcium in tap water.
- c) Determination of trace elements in contaminated soil.
- d) Determination of vanadium in lubricating oil, determination of trace lead in a ferrous alloy.

8. Qualitative determination by UV, IR, NMR, ESR.

Recommended Books:

- 1. H. Denny, W. Roesky, 'Chemical Curiosites', WILEY VCH, 1996.
- G. Marr and B.W. Rocket, 'Practical Inorganic Chemistry', <u>University Science Books</u>, 1999.
- 3. G. Pass and H. Sutcliffe, 'Practical Inorganic Chemistry', <u>Chapman and Hall, London</u>, **1968**.
- 4. J. Mendham, R. C. Denney, J. D. Barnes, M. Thomas, 'Vogel's Textbook of Quantitative Analysis', <u>Pearson Education</u>, 2006.
- 5. G. Svehla, 'Vogel's Textbook of Quantitative Analysis', Pearson Education, 2006.
- 6. Anil J. Elias, 'A Collection of Interesting General Chemistry Experiments', <u>University</u> <u>Press</u>, **2002.**

Note: The students are required to perform atleast 2 experiments from each section.

	NANOCHEMISTRY	
Subject Code: MCHM1-259	LTPC	Duration: 45 Hrs.
	3104	

Course Objectives

- 1. To understand the concept of self-assembly and its applications to various nano structures.
- 2. To understand synthesis of nano materials.
- 3. To learn characterization of nano materials.
- 4. To understand the applications of nano materials in biological system.

UNIT-1

1. Introduction (5 Hrs.):

Introdution to nanochemistry and nanotechnology, definition & classification of nanomaterials. Properties & applications of nanomaterials.

2. Self-Assembly and Nanostructures (10 Hrs.):

Types of self-assemblies, self-assembling materials. Use of self-assembly in nano rod devices, nano wires, nano tubes, molecular logic gates, molecular storage devices, DNA, fullerenes, nano gas sensors.

UNIT-11

3. Nano Material Synthesis (10 Hrs.):

Top down and bottom up approach, synthesis: Vapour phase synthesis by chemical routes; Nucleation & growth from solutions, stabilization against agglomeration. Processing of nano materials; Nano structured sol gel materials. Consolidation of nano crystalline materials by compaction and sintering, nanolithography.

UNIT-1II

4. Characterization Techniques (15 Hrs.):

Characterization of nano structured materials – by scattering techniques, proximal microscopy (AFM & STM).

UNIT-1V

5. Applications (5 Hrs.):

Bionano composites, biometrics, nano technology enabled sensors, Microelectronics, drug delivery, bionano information.

Course Learning Outcomes:

- 1. Introduction to the concept of nanochemistry and its classification and terminology.
- 2. Synthesis of nanomaterials by different routes and their characterization.
- 3. Applications in biological and electronic systems.

Recommended Books:

- 1. C.P. Poole & F.J. Owens, 'Introduction to Nanotechnology', Wiley, 2003.
- 2. M. Ratner & D. Ratner, 'Nanotechnology', Prentice Hall, 2003.
- M. Wilson, K. Kannagara, G. Smith, M. Simmons & B. Raguse, 'Nanotechnology', <u>CRC</u> <u>Press Boca Raton</u>, 2002.
- 4. A. Ozin Geoffery & C. Andre, 'Nanochemistry, A Chemical Approach to Nanomaterials', Arsenault Royal Society of Chemists, 2005.
- 5. E. Foster Lynn, 'Nanotechnology, Science Innovation & Opportunity', <u>Pearson Education</u>, **2007**.

BIO-ORGANIC CHEMISTRY			
Subject Code: MCHM1-260	LTPC	Duration: 45 Hrs.	
	3104		

Course Objectives

- 1. To illustrate the link between organic chemistry and biochemistry by discussing the organic chemistry of selected processes of living systems.
- 2. To integrate the chemical principles with biological applications with examples drawn from biochemistry, molecular and cell biology.
- 3. To understand the mechanism of enzyme catalysis.
- 4. T understand the mechanism of combinatorial synthesis in medicinal chemistry.

UNIT-1 (11 Hrs.)

Amino Acids and Proteins: Structure, classification, synthesis and properties of amino acids, isoelectric point, biosynthesis of amino acids. Peptides: oligo- and polypeptides, geometry of peptide linkage, N-terminal and C-terminal residue analysis, synthesis of peptides-amino and carboxyl protecting groups-solid phase peptide synthesis. Proteins: classification and properties (denaturation, isoelectric point and electrophoresis), primary, secondary, tertiary and quaternary structures of proteins, collagen and triple helix.

UNIT-II (11 Hrs.)

Enzymes and Cofactors: Mechanism of enzyme catalysis, Factors influencing enzyme action, Examples of typical enzyme mechanisms: chymotrypsin, ribonuclease and lysozyme,

Enzyme-catalyzed addition, elimination, condensation, carboxylation and decarboxylation, isomerization, group transfer and rearrangement reactions-structure and biological functions of coenzyme A, thiamine pyrophosphate, pyridoxal phosphate, NAD+, NADP+, FMN, FAD, lipoic acid and Vitamin B12. Mechanisms of reactions catalyzed by the above cofactors.

UNIT-III (12 Hrs.)

Nucleic Acids and Protein Synthesis: Nucleotides and nucleosides, DNA: primary and secondary structure-replication of DNA. RNA and protein synthesis: Messenger RNA synthesis-transcription, Ribosomes-rRNA, Transfer RNA, genetic code translation. Determination of base sequence of DNA. Polymerase Chain Reaction (PCR). Antisense technology in chemotherapy and other nucleic acid-targeted drugs-intercalates, sequence specific drugs. A brief account of ribozyme and iRNA.

UNIT-IV (11 Hrs.)

Lead and Analogue Synthesis-1: Designing organic synthesis-disconnection approachsynthons and synthetic equivalents-one group disconnections: alcohol, olefin, ketone, acidstwo group disconnections: 1,2-, 1,3-, 1,4- and 1,5-difunctional compounds-convergent synthesis-functional group interconversions- functional group additions-carbon heteroatom bonds-methods for 3- to 6-membered rings.

Lead and Analogue Synthesis-2: Combinatorial synthesis in medicinal chemistry: Solid phase techniques-methods of parallel synthesis-mix and split techniques-dynamic combinatorial chemistry-screening and deconvolution-limitations of combinatorial synthesis Asymmetric synthesis: basic principles-stereo selective and stereospecific reactions- methods for determining enantiomeric excess-chiral auxiliary, reagents and catalysts and their applications (wherever applicable) in alkylation, hydrogenation, hydroxylation, epoxidation and hydroboration of alkenes, reduction of ketones-Cram and Felkin-ahn models. Noyori's BINAP – Jacobson catalyst – Evans catalyst.

Recommended Books:

- 1. Hermann Dugas and C. Penny, 'Bioorganic Chemistry: A Chemical Approach to Enzyme action', <u>Springer-Verlag</u>.
- 2. N.C. Price and L. Stevens, 'Fundamentals of Enzymology', Oxford University Press.
- 3. C. Walsh, W.H. Freeman, 'Enzymatic Reaction Mechanisms'.
- 4. Stuart Warren, 'Designing Organic Synthesis: The Disconnection Approach', 2nd Edn., <u>Wiley</u>, **1984**.
- 5. H.B. Kagan, 'Asymmetric Synthesi', Thieme Medical Publishers, 2003.
- 6. Francis A. Carey and Richard B. Sundberg, 'Advanced Organic Chemistry: Part-A and Part-B', 5th Edn., <u>Springer</u>, **2007**.

ANALYTICAL CHEMISTRY				
Subject Code: MCHM1-261	LTPC	Duration: 45 Hrs.		
	3104			

Course Objectives

- 1. To learn the theory and importance of analytical chemistry.
- 2. To acquire knowledge about various methods of quantitative estimations.
- 3. To know the methods of analysing the chemicals applying the electroanalytical and thermogravimetric instruments.
- 4. To know the methods of separating the mixture of compounds by chromatographic Techniques.

UNIT-1

1. Introduction to Analytical Chemistry

Types of analytical methods: Importance of analytical methods in qualitative and quantitative analysis: chemical and instrumental methods- advantages and limitations of chemical and instrumental methods. Data handling: Introduction, sensitivity and detection limit, noise and sources, Uncertainties, errors, calibrations, mean, standard deviations. Least square fit, computer aided analysis.

2. Thermoanalytical Techniques

Principle of thermogravimetry, differential thermal analysis, differential scanning calorimetry - instrumentation for TGA, DTA and DSC-characteristics of TGA and DTA curves - factors affecting TGA and DTA curves. Applications of thermal analysis.

UNIT-2

3. Electrochemical Techniques

Basic principle, instrumentation and applications of cyclic voltametry and coulometry, potentiometery, voltametry, polarography.

4. High Performance Liquid Chromatography

Principle, instrumentation, supports in HPLC. Applications of HPLC systems, supercritical fluid chromatography(SFC). Recent developments in SFC and applications.

UNIT-3

5. Microscopy Techniques

Basic principle, instrumentation and applications of electron microscopy - SEM, TEM,

scanning probe microscopy – AFM.

6. X- Ray Diffraction

Crystal shapes and point groups, reciprocal lattices, unit cells, Miller indices, Bragg's law in reciprocal space, Diffraction pattern assignments, dimensions and contents of the unit cell, X-ray intensities and atomic positions, Fourier synthesis.

UNIT-4

7. Neutron Diffraction

Elementary theory of neutron diffraction, study of hydrogen bonds, hydrates and other hydrogen containing compounds, magnetism, limitations.

8. Electron Diffraction

Scattering of electrons by gases, visual method, sector method structure of some molecules studies by electron diffraction, limitation of electron diffraction.

Recommended Books:

- 1. A Douglas, Skoog and Donald M. West, F.J. Holler, 'Fundamentals of Analytical Chemistry', 8th Edn., <u>Harcourt College Publishers</u>, **2004**.
- 2. Skoog, Holder, Nieman, 'Principles of Instrumental Analysis', 5th Edn., <u>Thomson Books</u>, **1998**.
- 3. J. Mendham, R.C. Denney, J.D. Barnes, M. Thomas, 'Vogel's Text Book of Quantitative Chemical Analysis', 6th Edn., <u>Pearson Education</u>, **2006**.
- 4. R. Gopalan, P.S. Subramaniam and K. Rengarajan, 'Elements of Analytical Chemistry', 3rd Edn., Sultan Chand and Sons, 2003.
- 5. S. Usharani, 'Analytical Chemistry', Macmillan Publishers, India, 2000.
- 6. G. H. Stout and L. H. Jensen, 'X-ray Structure Determination- A Practical Guide', 2nd Ed., <u>Wiley New, York</u>, **1989**.
- 7. P.J. Wheatley, 'Determination of Molecular Structure', Oxford, 1968.
- 8. D. F. Shriver and P. W. Atkins, 'Inorganic Chemistry', 4th Ed., Oxford, 2006.
- 9. A. Braithwaite and F.J. Smith, 'Chromatographic Methods', <u>5th Ed., Blackie Academic</u> and Professional, London, **1996**.

BIO-INORGANIC CHEMISTRY			
Subject Code: MCHM1-262	L T P C	Duration: 48 Hrs.	
-	3104		

- 1. To understand structures, processes and chemical interactions of enzymes with metal ions in biological systems.
- 2. To understand the transport mechanisms of enzymes in physiological systems.
- 3. To acquire knowledge of metal complexes with various nucleic acids.
- 4. To study the role of metal complexes in transcription of nucleic acid.

UNIT-I & UNIT-II

1. Inorganic Chemistry of Enzymes (30 Hrs.)

Introduction, non-photosynthetic processes, metallo-porphyrines, cytochromes, biochemistry of iron, iron storage and transport, ferritin transferring, bacterial iron transport, haemoglobin and myoglobin, nature of heme-dioxygen binding, model systems, cooperativity in haemoglobin, physiology of myoglobin and haemoglobin, structure and function of haemoglobin.

Structure and function, inhibition and poisoning Vitamin B_{12} and B_{12} coenzymes metallothioneins, nitrogen fixation, in-vitro and in-vivo nitrogen fixation, bio-inorganic chemistry of Mo and W, nitrogenases: other elements V, Cr, Ni (essential and trace elements in biological systems).

Other iron-prophyrin biomolecules, structure and function of hemoglobin. Other ironporphyrin biomolecules, peroxidases and catalases, cytochrome P450 enzymes, other natural oxygen carriers, hemerythrins, electron transfer, respiration and photosynthesis; ferridoxins, and subredonim carboxypeptidase, carbonic anhydrase, metallothioneins.

UNIT-III & UNIT-IV

2. Metal Ions in Biological Systems (18 Hrs.)

Metal complexes of polynucleotides, nucleosides and nucleic acids (DNA & RNA). Template temperature, stability of DNA.

Role of metal ions in replication and transcription process of nucleic acids. Biochemistry of calcium as hormonal messenger, muscle contraction blood clotting, neurotransmitter, calcification reclaiming of barren land. Metals in the regulation of biochemical events. Transport and storage of metal ions *in vivo*.

Course Learning Outcomes

1. Structures, properties and transport mechanisms of enzymes in physiological systems

2. Metal complexation with various nucleic acids and their role in transcription of nucleic acids

Recommended Books

- 1. J.E. Huheey, E.A. Keiter and R.L. Keiter, 'Inorganic Chemistry: Principles of Structure and Reactivity', 4th Edn., <u>Haper Collins</u>.
- 2. B. Douglas, D. McDaniel and J. Alexander, 'Concepts and Models of Inorganic Chemistry', 3rd Edn., John Wiley and Sons.
- 3. F.A. Cotton and G. Wilkinson, 'Advanced Inorganic Chemistry: A Comprehensive Text', 5TH EDN., <u>JOHN WILEY</u>.
- 4. Ch. Elschenbroich and A. Salzer, Organometallics. A Concise Introduction, Second Edition, <u>VCH</u>.
- 5. D.F. Shriver and P.W. Atkins, 'Inorganic Chemistry', 3rd Edn., Oxford University Press.
- 6. J.A. Cowan, 'Inorganic Biochemistry', 2nd Edn., Wiley-VCH.
- 7. G. Wulfsberg, 'Inorganic Chemistry', <u>University Science Books.</u>

- 8. S.J. Lippard & J.M. Berg, 'Principles of Bioinorganic Chemistry', <u>Univ. Science Books</u>, **1994**.
- 9. S.J. Lippard, 'Progress in Inorganic Chemistry', Vols. 18, 38, Wiley-Interscience, 1991.

BIO-P	HYSICAL CHEMISTRY	Y
Subject Code: MCHM1-263	LTPC	Duration: 43 Hrs.
-	3104	

- 1. To equip with basic knowledge of the physical principles that governs chemical systems.
- 2. To provide knowledge of various biological systems with emphasis on biochemical reactions.
- 3. To recall enzymes, their role in chemical and biological catalysis.
- 4. To understand various principles that govern cellular processes.

UNIT-1

Biological Cell and its Constituents (4 Hrs.):

Biological cell, DNA and RNA in living systems. Basic consideration. Proximity effects and molecular adaptation.

Enzymes (6 Hrs.):

Introduction and historical perspective, chemical and biological catalysis, Remarkable properties of enzymes like catalytic power, specificity and regulation. Nomenclature and classification, extraction and purification. Fischer's lock and key and Koshland's induced fit hypothesis, concept and identification of active site by the use of inhibitors, affinity labeling and enzyme modification by site-directed mutagenesis. Enzyme kinetics, Michaelis-Menten and Line Weaver-Burk plots, reversible and irreversible inhibition.

UNIT-2

Kinds of Reactions Catalyzed by Enzymes (5 Hrs.):

Nucleophilic displacement on a phosphorus atom, multiple displacement reactions and the coupling of ATP cleavage to endergonic processes. Transfer of sulphate, addition and elimination reaction, enolic intermediates in isomerization reactions, b-cleavage and condensation, some isomerization and rearrangement reactions. Enzyme catalyzed carboxylation and decarboxylation.

Co-Enzyme Chemistry (5 Hrs.):

Cofactors as derived from vitamins, coenzymes, prosthetic groups, apoenzymes. Structure and biological function of coenzyme A, thiamine pyrophosphate, Pyridoxal phosphate, NAD+, NAD+, FMN, FAD, lipoic acid, vitamin B12. Mechanism of reaction catalyzed by the above cofactors.

UNIT 3

Biological Macromolecules (4 Hrs.)

The Nucleic Acids: Nucleotide, torsion angles in poly nucleotide chains, the helical structure of polynucleic acids, high order structure in polynucleotides.

Interactions in Macromolecules: (4 Hrs.)

Basic principles of interaction between molecules, water structure and its interaction with biomolecules, dipole interactions, side chain interactions, electrostatic interactions, base pairing in nucleic acids, base stacking, hydration and the hydrophobic effect.

Structural Transition in Bio-macromolecules (3 Hrs.):

Coil – helix transitions in proteins, statistical methods for predicting protein secondary structures; melting and annealing of polynucleotide duplexes, helical transitions in double stranded DNA, super coil dependent DNA transitions predicting helical structures in

genomic DNA.

UNIT-4

Bioenergetics and ATP cycle (8 Hrs.)

Standard free energy change in biochemical reaction, exergonic, endergonic reactions. Hydrolysis of ATP, synthesis of ATP from ADP, metal complexes and transition of energy, chlorophylls, photo system I and photo system II in cleavage of water.

Thermodynamics of Biopolymer Solutions (4 Hrs.)

Thermodynamics of biopolymers solutions, osmotic pressure, membrane equilibrium, muscular contraction and Energy generations in mechano-chemical system.

Recommended Books:

- 1. A.L. Lehninger, 'Principles of Biochemistry', Worth Publishers.
- 2. Voet; 'Voet Biochemistry', John Wiley, 1995.
- 3. E.E. Conn, P.K. Stumpt, 'Outlines of Biochemistry', John Wiley.
- 4. Hermann Dugas, C. Penny, 'Bioorganic Chemistry: Chemical Approach to Enzyme Action', <u>Springer Verlag</u>, **1982**.
- 5. M.I. Page, A. Williams, 'Enzyme Mechanisms,' Royal Society of Chemistry.
- 6. Richard B. Silverman, 'Organic Chemistry of Enzyme Catalyzed Reaction'.
- 7. I. Bertini, H.B. Gray, S.J. Lippard, J.S. Valentine, 'Bioinorganic Chemistry', <u>University</u> <u>Science Books</u>.
- 8. William Jolley, 'Bioinorganic Chemistry'.
- 9. K.E. Van Holde, W.C. Johnson, P.S. Ho, 'Principles of Physical Biochemistry', <u>Prentice</u> <u>Hall</u>,1998.
- 10. L. Stryer, 'Biochemistry', W.H. Freeman.
- 11. J. David Rawn, 'Biochemistry', Neil Patterson.
- 12. F. Wold, 'Macromolecules: Structure and Function', Prentice Hall.
- 13. C.R. Cantor, P.R. Schimmel, 'Biophysical Chemistry, Vol. 1-3', Freeman, 1980.

	ASYN	IMETRIC SYNTHESIS	5	
Subject C	Code: MCHM1-264	L T P C	Du	ration: 45 Hrs.
		3104		

Course Objectives

- 1. To learn the theory and importance of asymmetric Synthesis.
- 2. To acquire knowledge about various Principles of asymmetric Synthesis.
- 3. To give an understanding of various methods of asymmetric Synthesis.
- 4. To know the methods of separating the mixture of meso-compounds by various techniques.

UNIT – I

1. Basic Principles of Asymmetric Synthesis (10 Hrs.)

Definition: (enantiotropic and diast- ereotropic) groups and faces – Symmetry, substitution and addition criteria. Prochirality nomenclature: Pro - R, Pro - S, Re and Si. Selectivity in synthesis: Stereospecific reactions (substrate stereoselectivity), Srereo selective reaction (Product stereoselectivity), Enantioselectivity and diastereoselectivity. Conditions of Stereoselectivity: Symmetry and transition state criteria, kineic and thermodynamic control. Methods for inducing enantio- and diastereoselectivity.

UNIT – II

2. Analytical Methods (10 Hrs.)

Determining % Enantiomer excess, % Enantioselctivity, Optical Purity, % Diastereomeric excess and % diatereoselectivity. Resolving agents and resolution of recemic compounds having common functional groups e.g. alcohol, amine, acid. Techniques for determination of Enantioselectivity. Specific rotation; Chiral ¹NMR, Chiral lanthanide shift reagents and chiral HPLC.

UNITS – III & IV

3. Classification of Asymmetric Reactions (25 Hrs.)

i) Substrate controlled asymmetric synthesis: Nucleophilic addition to chiral carbonyl compounds, 1,2 –Asymmetric induction, Cram's rule and Felkin-Anh model, Double stereo differentiation; matched pair and mismatched pair, Examples from aldol condensation and hydroboration reactions

ii) Chiral auxillary controlled asymmetric synthesis: α -alkylation of chiral enolates, azaenolates, imines and hydrazones, chiral sulphoxides.

1,4-asymmetric induction and Prelog's rule, use of chiral auxiliary in Diels-Alder and Cope reactions.

iii) Chiral reagent controlled asymmetric synthesis: Asymmetric reduction using BINAL-H. Asymmetric Michael addition to α , β -unsaturated carbonyl compounds, Chiral lithium amides- enantioselective deprotonation, applications of chiral organoboranes.

iv) Chiral catalyst controlled asymmetric synthesis: Sharpless, Jacobson and Shi asymmetric epoxidation, Sharpless asymmetric dihydroxylation and amino hydroxylation. Asymmetric hydrogenations using chiral Wilkinson biphosphine and Noyori catalyst. Chiral catalyst controlled Diels-Alder and Michael reactions, Utility metal-semicorrinato complexes and Jacobson Catalysts-Evans Catalyst-Aziridination, Enzyme mediated enantioselective synthesis.

Recommended Books

- 1. J.D. Morrison and H.S. Moscher, 'Asymmetric Organic Reactions', Vol 1-5, <u>Academic</u> <u>Press</u>, **1983.**
- 2. E.N. Jacobsen, A. Pfaltz, H. Yamamoto, 'Comprehensive Asymmetric Catalysis' Eds. Springer, 2000.
- 3. Nogardi, 'Asymmetric Synthesis'.
- 4. R S Ward, 'Stereoselectivity in Organic Molecules', <u>Wiley, New York</u>, 1999.
- 5. Y. Izumi, 'Stereo Differentiating Reactions', Academic Press, 1977.
- 6. E. L. Eliel, 'Stereochemistry of Carbon Compounds' Wiley, 1992.
- 7. W. Carruthers, 'Some Modern Methods of Organic Synthesis', <u>Cambridge University</u> <u>Press</u>, 4th Edn., **2012.**
- 8. I. Ojima, 'Catalytic Asymmetric Synthesis' VCH-NY, Pergamon. 1998.
- 9. R.E. Gawley, J Aube, 'Principles of Asymmetric Synthesis' (Tetrahedron Series in Organic Chemistry), <u>Pergamon</u>, **1996.**
- 10. H.B. Kagan, 'Asymmetric Synthesis', Edn., I, Thieme Medical Publishers, 2003.
- 11. G. Proctor, 'Asymmetric Synthesis', Oxford University Press, USA, 1997.

	SPECTROSCOPY – II	
Subject Code: MCHM1-311	LTPC	Duration: 45 Hrs.
-	3104	

- 1. To equip with the knowledge of the effects of various phenomenon including spin-spin splitting, long range coupling, fluxionality on the NMR.
- 2. To acquire knowledge about NOE, DEPT.
- 3. To understand the difference between ¹H NMR and ¹³C NMR.
- 4. To understand the utility of various spectroscopic processes UV, IR, NMR and mass spectroscopy for structure elucidation.

UNIT-1

1. Nuclear Magnetic Resonance Spectroscopy (20 Hrs.)

The nuclear spin, precessional motion. Larmor frequency, the NMR isotopes, population of nuclear spin levels, spin – spin and spin – lattice relaxation, measurement techniques, Solvents used, Chemical Shift, shielding constant, range of typical chemical shifts simple applications of chemical shift ring currents and aromaticity, shifts of ¹H and ¹³C, inductive effect, ring current effect and anisotropy chemical bonds, intermolecular forces effecting the chemical shifts. Spin – spin interactions, low and high resolution NMR with various examples. ¹H bond to other nuclei such as nitrogen, oxygen and sulphur. spin – spin interaction. Interaction between two or more nuclei, splitting due to vicinal and germinal protons, long range coupling. ABX and ABC systems with their coupling constants, shifts reagents. Effects of chemical exchange, fluxional molecules, Hindered rotation on NMR spectrum, Karplus relationship. Nuclear magnetic double resonance, spin decoupling, Nuclear Overhauser Effect (NOE).

UNIT-2

2. ¹³C-Nuclear Magnetic Resonance Spectroscopy (5 Hrs.)

¹³C- ¹H coupling, ¹³C spectra, Differences from ¹H NMR, DEPT, Intensities of lines in ¹³C.

UNIT-3

3. Mass Spectra (15 Hrs)

Introduction, methods of ionization EI & CI, Laser desorption, Fast Atom Bombardment (FAB). Secondary Ion Mass Spectrometry (SIMS), field desorption etc. Ion analysis methods (in brief), isotope abundance, Metastable ions, Electron Impact mass spectra, fragmentation patterns for aliphatic compounds, amines, aldehydes, ketones, esters, amides, nitriles, carboxylic acids ethers, aromatic compounds, general rules predicting the fragmentation patterns. (Books 2, 3, 5)

UNIT-4

4. Structure Elucidation (5 Hrs.)

Structure elucidation by combined application of UV, IR, NMR and mass spectra. Solving first 20 problems from reference book 6 and first 20 problems from reference book 7. Tutorials.

Recommended Books

- 1. C.N. Banwell 'Fundamentals of Molecular Spectroscopy' 4th Edn., <u>Tata McGraw-Hill</u> <u>Education</u>, **1994**.
- 2. William Kemp, 'Organic Spectroscopy', 3rd Edn., <u>W.H. Freeman</u>, **1991**.
- 3. Dudley H. Williams & Ian Fleming, 'Spectroscopic Methods in Organic Chemistry', 6th Edn., <u>McGraw-Hill, Science</u>, **2008.**
- 4. Russell S. Drago, 'Physical Method for Chemistry', 2nd Edn., <u>Surfside Scientific</u> <u>Publishers</u>, **1992.**

- 5. R.M. Silverstein, G.C. Bassler, T.C. Morrill, 'Spectrometric Identification of Organic Compounds', 3rd Edn., <u>Wiley</u>, **1974**.
- 6. D.L. Pavia, G.M. Lampan and G. S. Kriz, 'Introduction to Spectroscopy' 4th Edn., <u>Cengage Learning</u>, **2008**.
- 7. R.C. Banks, E.R. Matjeka, G. Mercer, 'Introductory Problems in Spectroscopy' <u>Manlo</u> <u>Park, CA</u>, **1980**.

	QUANTUM CHEMISTRY	
Subject Code: MCHM1-312	LTPC	Duration: 45 Hrs.
-	3104	

- 1. To understand various postulates of quantum mechanics and uncertainty principles.
- 2. To equip with the knowledge of spherical harmonics and virial theorem.
- 3. To compare perturbation and variation method.
- 4. To understand electronic structure of diatomic and polyatomic molecules.

UNIT-I (11 Hrs.)

Introduction to Classical mechanics, Lagrange's and Hamilton's equations of motion in classical mechanics, Configuration space and phase space. Hermitian operators and their properties. Commutation relations. Postulates of quantum mechanics. Uncertainty Principle, Schrodinger equation and its interpretation.

UNIT –II (11 Hrs.)

Linear harmonic oscillator and its solution in terms of ladder operators (factorization method). Selection rules, expectation values, virial theorem. Hydrogen atom and its complete solution (including solution of the radial equation using factorization method). Spherical harmonics as wave functions of a rigid rotor. Total wave function of the hydrogen like atoms, shapes of atomic orbitals, Radial distribution function. Virial theorem.

UNIT-III (11 Hrs.)

Angular momentum, Spin. Coupling of angular momenta; spin-orbit coupling. Molecular term symbols.

Approximate Methods: Time-Independent (Non-degenerate, degenerate states) perturbation theory. Application of time-dependent perturbation theory. The variation method. LCAO-MO approximation. Comparison of perturbation and variation method.

UNIT-IV (12 Hrs.)

The Born-Oppenheimer approximation. Its Validity and Breakdown. Non-adiabatic transitions. Valence-bond and molecular orbital approaches, their comparison and equivalence limit. Electronic structure of diatomic and polyatomic molecules-An introductory treatment. General molecular orbital theory. The pi-electron approximation. Huckel theory of conjugated systems. Applications to ethylene, butadiene and benzene. **Recommended Books**

- 1. P.W. Atkins and R.S. Friedman, 'Molecular Quantum Mechanics', 4th Edn., <u>Oxford</u> <u>University Press</u>, **2004**.
- 2. D. McQuarrie, 'Quantum Chemistry', '2nd Edn., <u>University Science Books'</u>, 2008.
- 3. I.N. Levine, 'Quantum Chemistry', 5th Edn., Prentice Hall, 2006.
- 4. F.L. Pilar, 'Elementary Quantum Chemistry', McGraw Hill, 1968.
- 5. N.H. March, 'Self-Consistent Fields in Atoms', Pergamon Press, 1975.
- 6. A.K. Chandra, 'Introductory Quantum Chemistry', Tata-McGraw Hill, 1988.

- 7. J.A. Pople and D.L. Beveridge, 'Approximate Molecular-Orbital Theory', <u>McGraw Hill,</u> <u>NY</u>, **1970**.
- 8. J.P. Lowe, 'Quantum Chemistry', <u>Academic Press</u>, 1993.

HETEROCYCLIC CHEMISTRY			
Subject Code: MCHM1-313	LTPC	Duration: 45 Hrs.	
-	3104		

- 1. To familiarize with the structures of important classes of heterocyclic aromatic organic compounds.
- 2. To classify simple heterocyclic aromatic compounds as electron deficient or electron rich.
- 3. To explain the syntheses of electron deficient nitrogen containing heterocycles; pyridines, diazines and their benzo condensed analogs.
- 4. To explain the syntheses of electron rich nitrogen containing heterocycles; furans, thiophenes, 1,3-azoles and their benzo condensed analogs.

UNIT-1

1. Nomenclature of Heterocycles (4 Hrs.)

Replacement and systematic nomenclature (Hantzsch Widman system) for monocyclic, fused and bridged heterocycles.

2. Aromatic Heterocycles (6 Hrs.)

General chemical behaviour of aromatic heterocycles, classification (structural type), criteria of aromaticity (bond length, ring current and chemical shifts in 1H NMR-spectra, empirical resonance energy, delocalization energy and Dewar resonance energy, diamagnetic susceptibility exaltation). Heteroaromatic reactivity and tautomerism in aromatic heterocycles.

3. Non Aromatic Heterocycles (6 Hrs.)

Strain bond angle and torsional strains and their consequences in small ring heterocycles. Conformation of six membered heterocycles with reference to molecular geometry, barrier to ring inversion, pyramidal inversion and 1,3 diaxial interaction. Stereo-electronic effects – anomeric and related effects. Attractive interactions – hydrogen bonding and intermolecular nucleophilic – electrophilic interactions.

4. Heterocyclic Synthesis (5 Hrs.)

Principles of heterocyclic synthesis involving cyclization reactions and cycloaddition reactions.

5. Small Ring Heterocycles (6 Hrs.)

Three membered and four membered heterocycles- synthesis and reactions of aziridines, oxiranes, thiiranes, azetidines, oxetanes and thietanes.

6. Benzo-Fused Five-Membered Heterocycles (6 Hrs.)

Synthesis and reactions including medicinal applications of benzopyrroles, benzofurans, and benzothiophenes.

7. Meso-Ionic Heterocycles (5 Hrs.)

General classification, chemistry, chemistry of some important meso-ionic heterocycles of type-A and B and their applications.

8. Six-Membered Heterocycles with One Heteroatom (7 Hrs.)

Synthesis and reactions of pyrylium salts and pyrones and their comparison with pyridinium & thiopyrylium salts and pyridones. Synthesis & reactions of quinolizinium and benzopyrelium sals, coumarins and chromones.

Recommended Books

- 1. R.R. Gupta, M. Kumar and V. Gupta, 'Heterocyclic Chemistry: Principles, Three- and Four-Membered Heterocycles, Vol. 1', <u>Springer Berlin Heidelberg</u>, **1998.**
- 2. R.R. Gupta, M. Kumar and V. Gupta, 'Heterocyclic Chemistry: Five-Membered Heterocycles, Vol. 2', <u>Springer Berlin Heidelberg</u>, **1999.**
- 3. T. Eicher and S. Hauptmann, 'The Chemistry of Heterocycles', <u>Georg Thieme, Stuttgart</u>, **1995.**
- 4. J. A. Joule, K. Mills and G. F. Smith, 'Heterocyclic Chemistry', 5th Edn., John Wiley & <u>Sons</u>, 2010.
- 5. T.L. Gilchrist, 'Heterocyclic Chemistry', 3rd Edn., Pearson Education India, 2007.
- 6. G.R. Newkome and W.W. Paudler, 'Contemporary Heterocyclic Chemistry', <u>Wiley-Inter</u> <u>Science, New York</u>, **1982.**
- 7. R.M. Acheson, 'An Introduction to the Heterocyclic Compounds', John Wiley & Sons Ltd., New York–London, **1976.**
- 8. A.R. Katritzky and C.W. Rees, 'Comprehensive Heterocyclic Chemistry', <u>Pergamon</u> <u>Press, Oxford</u>, **1984.**

Learning Outcomes

After completion of the course the student will,

- 1. Be familiar with the structures of important classes of heterocyclic aromatic organic compounds,
- 2. Be able to classify simple heterocyclic aromatic compounds as electron deficient or electron rich and explain their reactivity based on these properties,
- 3. Know how selected organometallic reactions can be applied in heterocyclic chemistry,
- 4. Be able to explain on a mechanistic level, reactions and synthesis of important electron deficient nitrogen containing heterocycles; pyridines, diazines and their benzo-condensed analogs,
- 5. Be able to explain on a mechanistic level, reactions and synthesis of important electron rich heterocycles; furans, pyrroles and thiophenes and 1,3-azoles, and benzo-condensed analogs.

	SEMINAR-I
Subject Code: MCHM1-209	L T P C
-	0021

- 1. Each of these Courses of Seminar will consist of 100 marks (internal only) having L T P C as 0 0 2 1.
- 2. 2. In the beginning of the semester, a teacher will be allocated maximum 30 students. The latter will guide/teach them how to prepare/present 15 minutes Power Point Presentation for the Seminar.
- 3. If there are more than 30 students in the class, then class will be divided into two groups having equal students. Each group may be allocated to a different teacher.
- 4. Each student will be allotted a topic by the teacher at least one week in advance for the presentation. The topic for presentation may be from the syllabus or relevant to the syllabus of the programme.
- 5. During the presentation being given by a student, all the other students of his/her group will attend the Seminar. The assessment/evaluation will be done by the teacher. However, Head of Department and other faculty members may also attend the Seminar, ask questions and give their suggestions.

- 6. This is a turn wise continuous process during the semester and a student will give minimum two presentations in a Semester.
- 7. For the evaluation, the following criteria will be adopted,
 - (a) Attendance in Seminar: 25 Marks
 - (b) Knowledge of Subject along with Q/A handling during the Seminar: 25 Marks
 - (c) Presentation and Communication Skills: 25 Marks
 - (d) Contents of the Presentation: 25 Marks.

ORGANIC CHEMISTRY LAB-IISubject Code: MCHM1-315L T P C
0 0 4 2

Course Objectives

- 1. To introduces the basic techniques and procedures in isolation, purification.
- 2. To understand Beckmann and Benzilic acid rearrangement.
- 3. To introduce Fischer Indole Synthesis.
- 4. To prepare Cinnamic acid, Chalcone, phenacetin.

1. Beckman Rearrangement

- a) Benzene-Benzophenone Benzophenone Oxime Benzanilide
- b) Benzene Acetophenone Acetophenone Oxime-Acetanilide.
- c) Cyclohexanone Oxime-Caprolactam.

2. Benzillic acid Rearrangement

- a) Benzoin-Benzil-Benzillic-acid.
- b) Benzoin-Benzil-Benzil monohydrazone.

3. Fischer Indole Synthesis

- a) N-Arylmaleinilic acid N-aryl maleimide.
- b) 1, 2, 3, 4- Tetrahydrocarbazole.
- c) 2-Phenylindole from Phenylhydrazone.

4. Other Organic Preparations

- a) Cinnamic acid by Perkin reaction.
- b) Benzaldehyde by Beckmann rearrangement.
- c) Chalcone by aldol condensation.
- d) Ethyl p-aminobenzoate (benzocaine).
- e) Preparation of Benzopinacolone by Pinacol-Pinacolone rearrangement.
- f) Synthesis of N-phenylmaleimide.
- g) Preparation of p-bromoaniline.
- h) from acetanilide.
- i) Preparation of phenacetin from p-aminophenol.
- j) Preparation of eosin from phthalic anhydride.
- k) Preparation of p-chlorobenzoic acid from p-toluidine.

Recommended Books

- 1. 'Vogel's Text Book of Practical Organic Chemistry', 5th Edn., Prentice Hall, 1996.
- 2. Julius B. Cohen, 'Practical Organic Chemistry', 1910.
- 3. David T. Plummer, 'An Introduction to Practical Biochemistry', 3rd Edn., <u>Tata McGraw</u> <u>Hills</u>, **1998**.
- 4. A.I. Vogel, 'Text Book of Practical Organic Chemistry', 5th Edn., <u>Pearson Education</u>, **2005**.
- 5. P.R. Singh, D.S. Gupta and K.S. Bajpai, 'Experimental Organic Chemistry', Vol 2, <u>Tata</u> <u>Mc Graw Hill</u>, **1981**.

- 6. G. Mann and B.C. Saunders, 'Practical Organic Chemistry', ELBS Edn., 1989.
- 7. N.K. Vishnoi, 'Advanced Practical Organic Chemisry', 2nd Edn., <u>Vikas Publishing House</u> Pvt. Ltd., **1994**.

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTRY			
Subject Code: MCHM1-365	LTPC	Duration: 45 Hrs.	
	3104		

- 1. To introduce basic concepts of pollution and the importance of green chemistry.
- 2. To introduce physic-chemical analysis of water and waste water treatment.
- 3. To understand the effect of pesticides and contamination of soil with toxic inorganic compounds.
- 4. To understand the effect of toxic metal ions (Pb, Hg, Al, Ni and AS) and organic toxicants such as pesticides and solvents on human health.

UNIT-I

The Environment (3 Hrs.)

Introduction, components, chemical and physical characteristics of the atmosphere, Environment, pollution, classification of pollutants.

Air Pollution (8 Hrs.)

- a) Natural and Anthropogenic air pollution, Sources and types of air pollutants, carbon oxides, sulphur compounds, nitrogen compounds, Hydrocarbons, and their derivatives particulate matter.
- b) Cause affect relationship between a pollutant and community Health problems, Health effect of criteria pollutants such as carbon monoxide, sulphur oxides, nitrogen oxides particulate matter, hydrocarbons, ozone, lead, Health effects of Hazardous air pollutants such as Be, Hg, Asbestos, vinyl chloride, Benzene.
- c) Analysis of air pollutant such as CO, SOX, NOX and particulate matters.

UNIT-II

Water Pollution (11 Hrs.)

- a) Definition and types of water pollution, limits of various pollutants, water quality parameters.
- b) Physico-chemical analysis of water: colour, Turbidity, total solids, total alkalinity and acidity as CaCO₃, Dissolved oxygen (DO), BOD, COD, Analysis of anions and cations by recommended technique.
- c) Waste-water treatment/sewage: Treatment and disposal. Primary, secondary and tertiary treatment of water.

UNIT-III

Soil Pollution (12 Hrs.)

Definition of soil, components, its function and formation, sources pollution: Chemical pesticides, disposal of industrial and domestic solid wastes on soils. Contamination with toxic inorganic compounds. Prevention and elimination of inorganic chemical contaminants, Advantages and disadvantages of organic wastes to soil.

Soil Analysis, Sampling, site selection, method of collection and sample preparation. Determination of physical constants, determination of pH, electrical conductivity, calcium carbonate, water soluble salts, organic matter, N, P and K of the soil.

UNIT-IV

Toxicology (11 Hrs.)

Definition of toxicology, its history, scope and its literature, Dose-response relationship.

Absorption, distribution and excretion of toxic materials. Toxicity of metal ions, (Pb, Hg, Al, Ni, As) organic toxicants such as Halogenated hydrocarbons, pesticides and solvents, Chemical Carcinogens.

Recommended Books

- 1. Thad Godish, 'Air Quality'.
- 2. R.K. Trivedy, 'Chemical and Biological Methods for Water Pollution Studies'.
- 3. Kanwar & Chopra, 'Analytical Agricultural Chemistry'.
- 4. Nyle, C. Brady, 'The Nature and Properties of Solids'.
- 5. Caserett & Doulls, 'Toxicology: The Basic Science of Poisons'.
- 6. E.P. Odum, 'Fundamental of Ecology'.

	MEDICINAL CHEMISTRY	
Subject Code: MCHM1-366	L T P C	Duration: 45 Hrs.
	3104	

Course Objectives

- 1. To understand types, classification, structural activity of various antibacterial, Antiviral and Antimalarial agent.
- 2. To know the synthetic procedures for Chloroquine, amodiaquine, mefloquine and sontoquine.
- 3. To familiarize with CNS depressant and CNS stimulants.
- 4. To know the synthetic procedure for thioridazine, haloperidol, diazepam.
 - UNIT-1

1. Antibacterial and Antiviral Agents (10 Hrs.)

History of antibacterial drugs, types, classifications, structural activity relationship, fluoroquinolones. Mechanism of action of antibacterial, ß-lactams, bacterial resistance against antibacterial drugs. Target for anti HIV drugs, anti HIV agents, HIV-protease inhibitors, amprenavir, foseprenavir, alazanavir etc., antii-HIV nucleosides: lamivudine, retrovir, videx, hivid, zlarit, viread, carbovir, delavirdine, ziduvidine, etavirenz, calanolide, capravine, nevirapine. DNA polymerase inhibitors: acyclovir, ganciclovir, penciclovir, famicilovir, valoaciclovir, codofvir

UNIT-2

2. Anti-malarials (5 Hrs.)

Cinchona alkaloids, 4-aminoquinolines, 8-aminoquinolines, pyramidines and sulfones, 9-aminoacridines, biguanides, mefloquine, sulfonamides.

3. Commercial Synthetic Routes to (5 Hrs.)

Chloroquine, pamaquine, primaquine, proguanil, amodiaquine, mefloquine, pyremethamine, sontoquine.

UNIT-3

4. CNS Active Drugs: CNS depressants: Hypnotics and Sedatives (3 Hrs.)

Barbiturates, non-barbiturates, amides and imides, glutethimide, benzodiazepines, aldehydes and derivatives, methaqualone and other miscellaneous agents.

5. Anticonvulsants (3 Hrs.)

Barbiturates, hydanatoins, oxazolidinediones, succinimides, bezodiazepines, thenacemide, glutethimide.

6. CNS-Stimulants & Psychoactive Drugs (6 Hrs.)

Analeptics, purines, psychomotor stimulants, sympathomimetics, monamine oxidase inhibitors, tricyclic antidepressants, miscellaneous psychomotor stimulants. Hallucinogens

(psychedelics, psychometrics): Indolethylamines, R-phenylethylamines, butyrophenones and other miscellaneous drugs.

7. Commercial Synthetic Routes to (3 Hrs.)

Thioridazine, haloperidol, chloropromazine, phenytoin, Phenobarital, Carbamazipine valproic acid, methaquolane, nitrazepam, oxazepam, diazepam, cholridazepoxide.

UNIT-4

8. Diuretics (5 Hrs.)

Osmotic agents, acidifying salts, mercurials, purines and related heterocycles, sulfonamides, benzothiadiazene and related compounds, chlorothiazides and analogs, sulfamoylebenzoic acid and analogs, endocrine antagonists, miscellaneous diuretics.

9. Commercial Synthetic Routes to (5 Hrs.)

Furosemide, methalthiazide methylchlothlazide: Chlorothiazide, triameterene,

hydrochlothiazide, ameloride, chlorthalidone.

Recommended Books

- 1. Wilson and Gisvolds, 'Textbook of Organic Medicinal and Pharmaceuticals Chemistry', 8th Edn., edited by R.F. Deorge, <u>J.B. Lippincott Company, Philadelphia</u>, **1982**.
- 2. B.G. Reuben and H.A. Wittcoff, 'Pharmaceutical Chemicals in Perspective', John Wiley & Sons, New York, 1989.
- 3. W.O. Foye, T.L. Lamke, D.A. Williams, 'Principles of Medicinal Chemistry', 5th Ed. <u>Lippencott Williams and Wilkins</u>, **2002**.

PHOTOCHEMISTRY

LTPC 3104

Duratio<mark>n:</mark> 45 Hrs.

Course Objectives

Subject Code: MCHM1-417

- 1. To discuss molecular organic photochemistry and pericyclic reactions.
- 2. To focus on primary photochemical reactions of n, π^* states.
- 3. To lay emphasis on primary photochemical reactions of π , π^* states.
- 4. To study some important applications of photochemistry.

UNIT-1

Introduction to organic photochemistry. Primary photochemical reactions of n, π^* states. Photophysical process of n, π^* states: Electronic energy transfer. Detail analysis of primary photochemical process of α -cleavage. Detail analysis of primary photochemical process of α -cleavage. Detail analysis of primary photochemical process of hydrogen abstraction. Detail analysis of primary photochemical process of addition to π system. Detail analysis of primary photochemical process of primary photochemical process of primary photochemical process of addition to π system. Detail analysis of primary photochemical process of addition to π system. Detail analysis of primary photochemical process of electron transfer reactions.

UNIT-2

Primary photochemical reactions of π , π^* states. Detail analysis of cis-trans isomerization. Study on di- π -methane rearrangements. Introduction to pericyclic reaction. In depth analysis of Cycloaddition and Diels –Alder reactions. In depth analysis of Electrocyclic reactions. Detail study of Sigmatropic reactions.

UNIT-3

Chelotropic reaction. Group transfer reactions. Ene and retro ene reactions. Coarctate reaction. Photochemical production and reactions of carbenes. Photochemical production and reactions of nitrenes. Photochemical reaction of azo compounds. Photochemical Oxygenations-Singlet Oxygen.

UNIT-4

Photochemistry of halogen containing compounds. Photoinduced electron transfer reactions. Factors influencing the course of photochemical reaction. Applications of photochemistry. **Recommended Books**

- 1. J.C. Calvert and J. N. Pitts, Jr., 'Photochemistry', <u>Wiley, New York</u>, 1966.
- 2. N.J. Turro, 'Modern Molecular Photochemistry' (MMP), <u>University Press, Menlo Park,</u> <u>CA</u>, **1978**.
- 3. A. Gilbert and J. Baggott, 'Essentials of Molecular Photochemistry', <u>CRC Press, London,</u> <u>UK</u>, **1991**.
- 4. J. Mattay and A. Griesbeck, eds., 'Photochemical Key Steps in Organic Synthesis', <u>VCH</u>, <u>New York</u>, **1994**.
- 5. J.D. Coyle, ed., 'Photochemistry in Organic Synthesis', <u>Royal Society of Chemistry</u>, <u>London</u>, **1986**.
- 6. W.H. Horspool, ed., 'Synthetic Organic Photochemistry', <u>Plenum, New York,</u> 1984.
- 7. Bryce-Smith, et. al, eds. 'Specialist Reports of the Chemical Society: D. Photochemistry (Annual reports on all of photochemistry since 1969)'.
- 8. I. Ninomiya and T. Naito, eds., 'Photochemical Synthesis', <u>Academic Press, London</u>, **1989**.
- 9. J.C. Scaiano, ed., 'CRC Handbook of Organic Photochemistry', vol. 1 and 2, <u>CRC Press</u>, <u>Boca Raton, Florida</u>, **1989**.

Learning Outcomes

After completion of the course the student be will able to,

- 1. Acquire basic knowledge on theoretical and applied photochemistry,
- 2. Overview basic photochemical reactions, photochemical reactions in imaging systems,
- 3. Handle silver halide photography, photodegradation and photostabilization of materials,
- 4. Utilize this knowledge in analysis of status and design of protection of objects of heritage.

	NATURAL PRODUCTS	
Subject Code: MCHM1-418	L T P C	Duration: 45 Hrs.
	3104	

Course Objectives

- 1. To acquire basic knowledge of isolation, purification, identification and standardization of natural products.
- 2. To discuss structure elucidation of alkaloids and terpenoids.
- 3. To discuss isolation, purification and structure elucidation of sterols
- 4. To understand the importance of vitamins, xanthophill and carotenes.

UNIT-1

1. Introduction & General Methods

Isolation, purification, identification and standardization of natural products. Carbohydrates and metabolism: Introduction, stereoisomerism, mutarotation, configuration and ring structure of monosaccharides, disaccharides and polysaccharides. Glycolysis, alcoholic and lactic acid fermentation, citric acid cycle.

UNIT-2

2. Alkaloids and Terpenoids

Introduction, classification, isolation and purification of alkaloids and terpenoids. Structure elucidation of alkaloids (atropine, quinine, morphine) and terpenoids (camphor and menthol). Biosynthesis of alkaloids and terpenoids.

UNIT-3

3. Steroids

General introduction, isolation, purification and structure elucidation stereochemistry of sterols with special reference to cholesterol. Vitamin D group and bile acids. Biosynthesis of sterols.

UNIT-4

4. Carotenoids and Vitamins

Introduction to carotenoids and vitamins, Carotenes. Vitamin A, xanthophyll, vitamin B complex, vitamin K and vitamin E group.

Recommended Books

- 1. I.L. Finar, 'Organic Chemistry, Volume 2: Stereochemistry and The Chemistry Natural Products', Vol. II, 5th Edn., <u>Longman Scientific & Technical</u>, **1988**.
- 2. O.P. Agarwal, 'Chemistry of Organic Natural Products', Vol. I, 40th Edn., <u>Krishna</u> <u>Prakashan Media</u>, 2010.
- **3.** O.P. Aggarwal, 'Organic Chemistry Natural Products', Vol. II, 38th Edn., <u>Krishna</u> <u>Prakashan Media</u>, **2010**.

PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY LAB-I

Subject Code: MCHM1-419

L T P C 0 0 4 2

Course Objectives

To develop basic understanding of various lab practices including safety measures. To calculate various physical parameters while performing experiments.

Note: Students will perform any ten experiments out of the following experiments.

- 1. To determine the freezing point depression constant of camphor using naphthalene as solute. Hence determine the molecular weight of acetanilide by Rast's micro method.
- 2. Determination of heat of solution of a substance by solubility method.
- 3. To construct phase diagram of 3-component system ($CH_3COOH + CHCl_3 + H_2O$).
- 4. To prepare and study Hardy Schulze's rule for arsenious sulphide/Ferric hydroxide Sols.
- 5. To determine the relative strength of acids by study kinetics of hydrolysis of an ester.
- 6. To determine the iodine value of given sample of oil (Linseed oil).
- 7. To determine the saponification value of given sample of oil (Ground nut oil).
- 8. To obtain the mutual solubility curve of phenol + H₂O, and hence the Upper Consolute Point.
- 9. To determine the coefficient of viscosity of given liquid by Ostwald's viscometer.
- 10. To find the molecular weight of polymer by viscosity measurements.
- 11. Determination of surface tension of given liquid by drop no. method by stalgmometer.
- 12. To determine the C.M.C. of a soap (sodium or potassium lauryl sulphate by surface tension measurements
- 13. To determine the distribution coefficient of I_2 between CCl₄ and H₂O.
- 14. Determination of transition temperature of given substance by thermometric/dilatometric method.
- 15. i) Find water equivalent of Dewar's flask and ii) heat of neutralization of strong acid vs strong base, weak base vs. strong acid using Dewar's flask.
- 16. Determination of specific and molar refraction of a liquid by Abbe refractometer.
- 17. Determine the refraction equivalents of C, H and Cl atoms.
- 18. Study and verify the Freundlich adsorption isotherm for adsorption of CH₃COOH from its

aqueous solution by activated charcoal.

Recommended Books

- 1. 'Findlay's Practical Physical Chemistry'.
- 2. J.B. Yadav, 'Advanced Practical Physical Chemistry'.
- 3. L.V. Cock and C. van Rede, 'Laboratory Handbook for Oil & Fat Analysis'.

	GREEN SYNTHESIS	
Subject Code: MCHM1-367	LTPC	Duration: 42 Hrs.
	3104	

Course Objectives

- 1. To understand the importance of ultrasonic and microwaves in organic syntheses.
- 2. To understand the role of ionic liquids in organic syntheses.
- 3. To familiarize with phase transfer catalysis and crown ethers.
- 4. To study the mechanistic aspect of multicomponent reactions.

UNIT-I

Use of Ultrasound and Microwaves in Organic Synthesis (10 Hrs.)

Use of ultrasound: Introduction, instrumentation, the phenomenon of cavitation. Sonochemical esterification, substitution, addition, alkylation, oxidation, reduction and coupling reactions.

Use of Microwaves: Introduction, concept, reaction vessel/medium, specific effects, atom efficiency (% atom utilization), advantages and limitations. N-alkylation and alkylation of active methylene compounds, condensation of active methylene compounds with aldehydes and amines. Diels-Alder reaction. Deprotection of esters and silyl ethers. Oxidation of alcohols and sulfides.

Ionic-liquids (3Hrs.):

UNIT-II

Introduction, structure, synthesis and applications of some important ionic liquids in organic synthesis.

Polymer supported Reagents in Organic Synthesis (8 Hrs.):

Introduction- properties of polymer support, advantages of polymer supported reagents and choice of polymers.

Applications: Substrate covalently bound to the support: Synthesis of oligosaccharides, Dieckmann cyclisation. Preparation of polymer bound aldehyde and application in aldol and Wittig reactions. Synthesis of polystyryl boronic acid and use in diol protection reaction. Reagent linked to a polymeric material: Preparation of sulfonazide polymer and application in diazo-transfer reaction. Synthesis of polymer bound per acid and its applications. Polymer supported catalytic reactions: Preparation of polymer supported AlCl₃ and application in etherification and acetal formation reactions.

UNIT-III

Phase transfer catalysis and Crown Ethers (10 Hrs.):

Phase transfer catalysis: Introduction, definition, mechanism of phase transfer catalysis. Types of phase transfer catalysts and reactions and their Advantages.

Preparation of catalysts and their application in substitution, elimination, addition, alkylation, oxidation and reduction reactions.

Crown ethers: Introduction, nomenclature, features, nature of donor site. General synthesis of Crown ethers.

Synthetic applications: Alkylation, generation of carbenes, aromatic substitution and displacement reactions. Generation and application of superoxide anions. Cation deactivation

reactions.

UNIT-IV

Multi-component Reactions (11 Hrs.):

Studies on the mechanistic aspects and use of the following reactions in organic synthesis: Passerini-Ugi; Hantsch; Biginelli; Doebner-Miller; Ritter; Jacobson; Betti; Robinson-Schopf; Barbier; Baylis-Hilmann; Ivanov and Suzuki coupling reaction.

Recommended Books

- 1. E.L. Eliel, S.H. Wilen and L.N. Mander, 'Stereochemistry of Carbon Compounds', John
- 2. <u>Wiley & Sons</u>, 1994.
- 3. Potapov, Stereochemistry, <u>MIR</u>, Moscow, **1984**.
- 4. Nasipuri, D.,'Stereochemistry', New Age, 1999.
- 5. J. March, 'Advanced Organic Chemistry', 4th Edn., John Wiley, 2008.
- 6. 'Organic Chemistry', R.E. Ireland Prentice-Hall India, New Delhi, 1975.
- 7. W. Caruthers, 'Some Modern Methods of Organic Synthesis', 2nd Edn., Cambridge Uni. Press London, **1998**.
- 8. D. Nasipuri, 'Stereochemistry of Organic Compounds- Principle and Applications', 2nd Edn., <u>New Age International Publishers</u>, **2001**.
- 9. G.D. Lin, Y.M. Li and A.S.C. Chan, 'Principles and Applications of Asymmetric Synthesis', <u>Wiley Interscience</u>, **2001**.
- 10. V.K. Ahluwalia and M. Goyal, 'A Textbook of Organic Chemistry', Narosa
- 11. Publishing House, New Delhi, 2000.
- 12. V.K. Ahluwalia and R. Aggarwal, 'Organic Synthesis: Special Techniques', Narosa,
- 13. <u>New Delhi</u>, 2003.
- 14. R. Sanghi and M.M. Srivastava, 'Green Chemistry, Environment Friendly Alternatives',
- 15. Narosa, New Delhi, 2003
- 16. Green Chemistry-An Introduction Text', Royal Society of Chemistry, UK, 2002.
- 17. I.L. Finar, 'Organic Chemistry Vol. 2', 6th Edn., Longman, 1992.
- 18. G.W. Gokel, 'Crown Ethers & Cryptands', Monograph, The Royal Society of
- 19. Chemistry, 1991.
- 20. G.W. Gokel, S.M. Korzeniowski, Vol 1 to 3, 'Macrocyclic Polyether Chemistry', Wiley, NY, **1978**, **1981**, **1987**.
- 21. W.B. Weber, G.W. Gokel, 'Phase Transfer Catalysis in Organic Synthesis,
- 22. Springer, Berlin, 1977.
- 23. 17. E.V. Dehmlov, S.S. Dehmlov, 'Phase Transfer Catalysis', 2nd Edn., Verlag Chemie,
- 24. <u>Wienheim</u>, 1983.
- 25. N.K. Mathur, C.K. Narang and R.E. Williams, 'Polymers as Aids in Organic Synthesis',
- 26. Academic Press, NY, 1980.

ENVIRONMENT MANAGEMENT			
Subject Code – MCIE6-157	LTPC	Duration – 45 Hrs	
	3104		

UNIT-I (12 Hrs)

Global Environmental Problems: Global warming, green-house effect, ozone depletion, acid rain, oil pollution, radiation hazard and control, global climate change. Main clauses and basic steps for Environmental Management System certification. Environmental Laws/Acts.

UNIT-II (10 Hrs)

Cleaner Production Technologies Need and benefits, cleaner production techniques and options, zero impact manufacturing initiatives CDM and carbon credits/case studies.

UNIT-III-(11 Hrs)

Environment Impact Assessment: Definition and its importance for environment management, constituents of environment impact assessment, project data for EIA study, prediction of impacts, EIA methodologies, constraints in implementation of EIA, impact prediction on water resources projects and other relevant case studies. Environment pollution.

UNIT IV (12 Hrs)

Degradation of Land Resources: Deforestation: Forest land, deforestation and its effects on land use and Environmental quality, wetland and their importance in environment, causes and extent of wasteland, Soil degradation problems, erosion, salinization, water logging, land use management & planning.

Recommended Books:

- 1. Peavy, Rowe, 'Techobanoglous, Environmental Engg.', Tata McGraw-Hill.
- 2. Mackenzie L. Davis, 'Environmental Engg.', Tata McGraw-Hill.
- 3. Baljeet S. Kapoor, 'Environmental Engg. An overview', Khanna Publishers.
- Glbert H. Masters, 'Environmental Engineering and Science', <u>Prentice Hall of</u> <u>India Pvt. Ltd.</u>
- 5. G.N. Panday, G.C. Carney, 'Environmental Engineering', Tata McGraw-Hill.
- 6. P.D. Sharma, 'Ecology and Environment', Rastogi Publications.
- 7. P.A. Ray, 'Lcances Environmental Impact Assessment', <u>Hand National Environmental</u> <u>Protection Council, Manile.</u>

